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2	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS
3	DIVISION OF ST. CROIX
4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, and
5	GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS,
6	Plaintiffs,
7	v.
8	FATHI YUSUF MOHAMAD YUSUF,
9	aka Fahti Yusuf
10	WALEED MOHAMMAD HAMED,
11	aka Wally Hamed
12	WAHEED MOHOMMAD HAMED,
13	aka Willie Hamed
14	MAHER FATHI YUSUF,
15	aka Mike Yusuf
16	NEJEH FATHI YUSUF, ISAM YUSUF, and
17	UNITED CORPORATION,
18	dba Plaza Extra,
19	Defendants.
20	Criminal No. 2005-15
21	July 16, 2013
22	3:20 p.m.
23	TRANSCRIPT OF SENTENCING
24	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DISTRICT JUDGE
25	WILMA A. LEWIS

1	APPEARANCES:
2	LORI A. HENDRICKSON, ESQ.,
3	FOR THE GOVERNMENT
4	RANDALL P. ANDREOZZI, ESQ.
5	RANDALL F. ANDREOZZI, ESQ.
6	FOR DEFENDANT WALEED HAMED
7	PAMELA COLON, ESQ.,
8	1711111111 001011, 100.,
9	FOR DEFENDANT WAHEED HAMED
10	JOSEPH DiRUZZO, ESQ.,
11	FOR UNITED CORPORATION
12	NIZAR DEWOOD, ESQ.,
13	FOR FAHTI YUSUF
14	VALERIE LAWRENCE, RPR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
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1	THE CLERK: Criminal No. 2005/0015,
2	sentencing. United States of America versus
3	United Corporation, dba Plaza Extra.
4	THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. May
5	I have your appearances, counsel, please. We
6	will start with appearances from the United
7	States.
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: Good afternoon, Lori
9	Hendrickson.
10	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Attorney
11	Hendrickson.
12	MR. DiRUZZO: And good afternoon, Your
13	Honor. Joseph DiRuzzo on behalf of United
14	Corporation. And seated directly to my left,
15	Maher Yusuf, as the corporate representative
16	today.
17	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Attorney
18	DiRuzzo. And the corporate representative is
19	Mr. Yusuf?
20	MR. DiRUZZO: Maher Yusuf, yes.
21	MS. COLON: Good afternoon. Pamela Colon
22	on behalf of Waheed Hamed, not in the
23	courtroom.
24	MR. DEWOOD: Nizar Dewood for Mr. Fathi
25	Yusuf, and he's present today.

1	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Attorney
2	Dewood.
3	THE COURT: On the telephone.
4	MR. ANDREOZZI: Good afternoon, Your
5	Honor. Randall Andreozzi on behalf of Waleed
6	Hamed.
7	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Attorney
8	Andreozzi.
9	MS. COLON: And Your Honor, if I may note,
10	Waleed Hamed is present in the courtroom. I'm
11	not sure if Randall Andreozzi recognizes that.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MS. COLON: Thank you.
14	THE COURT: Counsel, as you're aware, the
15	Court scheduled this sentencing hearing at the
16	request of the government and counsel for
17	United Corporation. The request is that the
18	sentencing be held today; that request was made
19	the early part of July, and was granted. The
20	request was granted by the Court on the 11th of
21	July.
22	As we're all aware, the parties are
23	requesting that the Court enter a plea,
24	sentence, actually, the defendant in accordance
25	with Rule 11(c )1(C) of the Federal Rules of

Criminal Procedure, that is to adopt the
agreement, the plea agreement that was entered
into by the parties, and negotiated over the
course of a few years now as the original plea
agreement was entered back in 2010.

At the time that the Court granted the motion to proceed with the sentencing today,

Court, of course, was under the impression, and hopefully will continue to be under the impression, that everything that needed to be accomplished precedent to the sentencing of the defendant in this case has, in fact, been accomplished in accordance with the plea agreement that the parties are requesting that the Court accept, and sentence the defendant in accordance therewith.

Yesterday the Court received a motion that was filed by counsel for Waleed Hamed, and counsel for Waheed Hamed, seeking to either extend the temporary restraining order that the Court entered many years ago, or postpone the sentencing hearing.

This afternoon, a couple of hours or so ago, the Court received the response to that motion filed by the government and defendant

1	United Corporation. I think before we proceed
2	with the sentencing in this matter, we need to
3	address the issues that have been raised, and
4	ensure that we are at a point today where we
5	can proceed with the sentencing of the
6	defendant, United Corporation.
7	So with that, by way of background, I will
8	hear first from Attorney Andreozzi. Am I
9	pronouncing your name correctly?
10	MR. ANDREOZZI: Andreozzi. Thank you,
11	Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank, Attorney Andreozzi.
13	MR. ANDREOZZI: I appreciate you allowing
14	me to participate telephonically. We received
15	the objection from the government and the
16	United Corporation this afternoon. And I think
17	briefly I'd like to address each of the points
18	raised. And I think we can clarify our
19	concern, and I believe that at the end of this,
20	we're going to be in a position where we can
21	move forward with sentencing and address most,
22	if not all, of these issues by way of order
23	under the, you know, under the probation.
24	But on the first issue with regard to
25	payment of taxes, the plea agreement executed

2	page eleven of the plea agreement. It says:
3	Prior to sentencing in this matter United
4	shareholders and the individual defendants
5	shall file the outstanding returns and
6	reporting documents and shall make all payments
7	of the amounts due thereupon. United
8	acknowledges that a special condition of
9	probation will require that all corporate
10	returns be filed, and all amounts due and owing
11	under this agreement and all taxes due and
12	owing for tax years 2002 through 2008 must be
13	paid prior to the termination of the period of
14	probation.
15	United and the, the agreement also
16	requires payment of family income taxes for
17	indictment years to cover the liability of all
18	the defendants. That was determined under the
19	plea, of the plea agreement under the years of
20	indictment. That was paid. It was paid for
21	Yusuf family members and for Waleed and Waheed
22	Hamed.
23	Now, the United paid directly another

\$6.5 million, I guess, covers the taxes for

Yusuf family. And the only thing that remained

by the parties provides as follows. This is at

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Τ	outstanding is the payment for out years, owed
2	current for Waleed Hamed and Waheed Hamed. We
3	are recommending that the TRO stay in effect
4	until United complies with this special
5	condition to its probation, but really this
6	extension, it really is up to the government.
7	All we want to see is that amounts, 300, 320
8	something thousand dollars or so for all the
9	years, that that amount get paid prior to
10	termination of the probation, and we would
11	certainly be willing to work with the Court and
12	the government and everybody to facilitate
13	that. That's the first point.
14	The second point is
15	THE COURT: Before Attorney Andreozzi,
16	before you go to the second point, let me make
17	sure I understand. I see that you're relying
18	on, as you indicated, on page eleven of the
19	plea agreement for the proposition that the
20	amounts that are due and owing by the Hameds
21	can be paid during the term of probation, is
22	that correct?
23	MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes. It does not need to
24	hold up sentencing today.

THE COURT: Now, the earlier part of that

paragraph starts with, "Prior to sentencing,
United agrees to cooperate with the government
and the VIBIR in filing corporate income tax
returns and gross receipts returns for the
years in effect 2002 through 2008, and in
paying in full the amounts due thereupon."

And then it says, "United agrees to comply with all current tax reporting and payment obligations between the execution of this agreement and sentencing." And then it says, "In addition, prior to the sentencing hearing in this matter, United's shareholders -- and it identifies the shareholders by initials, and the percentage held -- and the individual defendants shall file the outstanding returns and reporting documents and shall make full payments of the amounts due thereupon."

How does that sentence which starts with in addition, prior to the sentencing hearing, these amounts shall be reported and paid by the individual defendants? How does that comport with the proposition that those can be paid during the course of the probationary period?

MR. ANDREOZZI: I think with regard to coordinating those payments, and the submission

Τ	of the returns, we just got this matter in the
2	mediation session before Judge Barnard, at this
3	point in time, because of the disputes between
4	the parties and the civil disputes between the
5	parties, the forensic accountants in this case
6	were required to stand down and could not
7	continue their meetings with the VIBIR
8	representatives, and with Miss Hendrickson. I
9	know we wanted to push and move forward with
10	sentencing to move the case forward. And we
11	stand ready and the accountants stand ready to
12	pick up and meet with the VIBIR
13	representatives, and were planning on doing
14	that. But for purposes of filing the remaining
15	returns here, we think we could get that
16	accomplished, work through those, and then
17	facilitate the payments within the scope of the
18	probation period. But I think the agreement
19	was rather than hold up the probation, because
20	the accountants were ordered to stand down, we
21	should be able to continue with that but not
22	hold up the sentencing to do that. And we're
23	in agreement, we're okay, on behalf of Waleed
24	Hamed, and Attorney Colon can speak on behalf
25	of Waheed Hamed, we're fine with doing that,

1	just so we don't, we could expedite the
2	sentencing. But we just want to make sure that
3	we're not, you know, the defendants aren't
4	losing any of their rights to benefits under
5	this plea agreement as we move forward.
6	THE COURT: So, if I understand you
7	correctly, what you're saying is that you would
8	agree to change the plea agreement that's
9	before me, but my question is, the suggestion
10	that you're making is not consistent with the
11	plea agreement, is it? As it stands before the
12	Court right now?
13	MR. ANDREOZZI: Well, I think it is. I
14	think that's what they said, United
15	acknowledges that a special condition of
16	probation will require that all corporate
17	returns be filed, and all amounts due and owing
18	under this agreement and all taxes due and
19	owing for tax years '02 to '08 must be paid
20	prior to the termination of the period of
21	probation.
22	THE COURT: Is there a difference between
23	United and the individual defendants?
24	MR. ANDREOZZI: There
25	THE COURT: And the shareholder?

1	MR. ANDREOZZI: Well, United would owe
2	income taxes, United is a tax corporation, so
3	it wouldn't owe income tax, but we believe this
4	provision means that all of the individuals'
5	income taxes would be paid prior to the
6	termination of the period of probation, and
7	that is special condition of United
8	Corporation's probation.
9	THE COURT: Let me make sure I understand.
10	I am reading it to say all corporate returns be
11	filed. Where are you referring to income
12	taxes?
13	MR. ANDREOZZI: All corporate returns
14	filed, and all amounts due and owing under this
15	agreement and all taxes due and owing for years
16	'02 through '08 must be paid prior. And the
17	corporation, if you're referring to income tax,
18	wouldn't file income tax for those years.
19	THE COURT: And if you're referring to
20	corporate taxes, that would refer to United?
21	MR. ANDREOZZI: United Corporation,
22	correct.
23	THE COURT: So your understanding of the
24	agreement is that that last sentence,
25	basically, nullifies the preceding sentence,

1	which says, "In addition, prior to the
2	sentencing hearing in this matter, United's
3	shareholders and the individual defendants
4	shall file the outstanding returns and
5	reporting documents and shall make full
6	payments of the amounts due thereupon." You're
7	saying that the last sentence which speaks to
8	United acknowledging that as a special
9	condition of probation, all of these various
10	taxes will be paid, essentially negates the
11	preceding sentence, is that your reading of the
12	agreement?
13	MR. ANDREOZZI: I believe it modifies it,
14	yes.
15	THE COURT: It modifies it, or negates it?
16	MR. ANDREOZZI: Well, we're
17	THE COURT: Negates it in a sense of the
18	phrase, prior to the sentencing hearing?
19	MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Okay. All right. That was my
21	one question on your first point. Okay, so you
22	can proceed to the second point.
23	MR. ANDREOZZI: The second point, that
24	relates to the probation period, and the
25	accountants that are to be hired, et cetera, et

Τ	cetera, or that point we're alerting the court
2	that Attorney Holt had indicated that in the
3	civil case, the Plaintiff in the civil case,
4	Mr. Hamed, stands ready, if required or needed,
5	to assist in any of that work that needs to be
6	done under the terms of the probation, and the
7	internal controls that are put in place, the
8	evidence required et cetera, but that does not
9	affect Waleed or Waheed Hamed. We just wanted
10	to make that point for the Court.
11	On the third
12	THE COURT: Sorry, hold on. One second.
13	Attorney Andreozzi, I'm not sure I understand
14	the second point.
15	The second point is not a point that
16	applies to Waleed and Waheed Hamed?
17	MR. ANDREOZZI: Correct.
18	THE COURT: And it doesn't apply to them,
19	because?
20	MR. ANDREOZZI: Because they're not owners
21	of United Corporation, or and they're not
22	part of the partnership in the civil, or at
23	least it is determined the injunction to be
24	operating Plaza Extra stores, it would be, it
25	would be Mr. Hamed, Mohammad Hamed.

2	THE COURT: Okay. So, Waleed and Waheed
3	Hamed are just bringing this to the attention
4	of the Court because another individual might
5	be interested in this particular point, is that
6	correct?
7	MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Go ahead.
9	MR. ANDREOZZI: And then, the third point,
10	this is with respect to the return of property,
11	the return of documents in this case. During
12	the mediation, the government and the
13	defendants agreed to develop a protocol for
14	returning the volumes of documents that are
15	gathered in this case from the inception until
16	now, and those documents are currently held by
17	counsel, by the government, and by the forensic
18	experts in the case. And our goal is to
19	develop a protocol for the return and access
20	for these documents by all defendants that
21	would be approved by the Court.
22	The government counsel had asked to hold
23	off on some discussions for a while. We began

off on some discussions for a while. We began those discussions, I believe, Miss Hendrickson can correct me, I think Friday of last week,

1	but we never locked down a firm process for
2	this. I think we're going to be able to
3	achieve that, but it may take a little bit of
4	doing with the agreement of all parties. If
5	the Court wishes to address the parties as it
6	pertains to jurisdiction of the case post
7	sentencing, that's fine with us. We just need
8	to have some guidance on this process to avoid
9	disputes among the parties. We asked for the
10	documents and things like that.

As a corollary provision, Judge Barnard in the process of issuing orders, or will issue orders that will address in the mediation, including this one, agreements to parties.

Again, we don't have any objection to address these items post sentencing during the probation, probation jurisdictions of the Court.

THE COURT: So, in other words, with respect to the return of the documents, you are in agreement with the government's position that we handle that, that clearly is not part of the plea agreement that the Court would have to deal with prior to sentencing, or at sentencing, is that your position?

1	MR. ANDREOZZI: Exactly. Has nothing to
2	do with the plea agreement at all. The
3	government can talk to that.
4	THE COURT: With respect to the orders
5	that you've referenced Judge Barnard will be
6	issuing, other than the order that you have
7	just mentioned regarding the documents, the
8	return of the documents, what other orders are
9	you anticipating from Judge Barnard?
10	MR. ANDREOZZI: Those were my only
11	comment would be those were addressed in the
12	confidential mediation, and I know we're on the
13	record in this matter, so long as there is no
14	objection
15	THE COURT: Hold on for one second then.
16	Let me ask you this: Are there any orders that
17	bear on the sentencing that is presently before
18	the Court right now?
19	MR. ANDREOZZI: I do not no, there are
20	not.
21	THE COURT: So that issue
22	MR. ANDREOZZI: They would all be issues
23	similar to this, just more housekeeping issues
24	with regard to documents and things like this
25	in the case.

1	THE COURT: It really has nothing to do
2	with what we're here for today?
3	MR. ANDREOZZI: Correct. Correct. Right.
4	THE COURT: Okay. You may proceed.
5	MR. ANDREOZZI: And then the fourth issue
6	with regard to the signatures of Waleed Hamed
7	and Waheed Hamed, the second addendum to the
8	plea agreement, the government counsel, I
9	believe, indicated that in their, in the reply,
10	that Waleed Hamed's and Waheed Hamed's
11	signatures were required in the first addendum
12	to the plea agreement, back in 2011, because it
13	affected them in the payment of their taxes to
14	be to the VIBIR, something we were talking
15	about earlier. It's unclear from the new
16	addendum filed, I think, on June 24th and
17	signed by United Corporation and government,
18	whether that affects Waleed and Waheed Hamed at
19	all.
20	We just want to be sure that it does not
21	adversely affect them in any way. It is a
22	little bit vague as to what it actually
23	purports to mean, but if it doesn't affect
24	them, if that's what the government's saying,
25	then, then or after, doesn't affect them, on

1	behalf of Waleed Hamed, we do not have an issue
2	with that. And I know Attorney Colon is there;
3	she can speak on behalf of Waheed Hamed, but if
4	it doesn't adversely affect any interest of
5	Waleed Hamed as secured in the plea agreement,
6	then we have no objection.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MR. ANDREOZZI: And the fifth is
9	irrelevant, because we're here. This was
10	that's really all I would have to that, with
11	regard to that.
12	I appreciate you giving me the opportunity
13	to speak to these.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
15	Okay. Attorney Colon.
16	MS. COLON: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
18	MS. COLON: Thank you, also, for the
19	opportunity to address Your Honor today with
20	regard to these issues.
21	My position does differ slightly from
22	Attorney Andreozzi. I represent Waheed Hamed,
23	and I will go through the issues, as he did,
24	one by one.

The first issue is the concern I have is

that there was a request to the marshal under
the monitoring order that's in place by this
Court to release \$315,747 to pay the estimated
income tax liability for both Waheed and Waleed
Hamed, and that request was submitted on June
19th, 2013, in conjunction with the mediation.

On June 20th, 2013, the next day, an e-mail was received from Maggie Doherty on behalf of the U.S. Marshal service approving that release, and you can see that e-mail as Exhibit 2 to the motion that was filed on behalf of Waheed and Waleed.

So to the extent that Waheed and Waleed have attempted to pay their estimated income taxes prior to the sentencing, that was done. However, the attempt was made. And it was approved by the Marshals, but our understanding is the bank has not yet released the funds. And my further understanding, although I do not have that information directly, is the refusal of the bank to release the funds to IRB is because United has refused to release those funds.

From my point of view, that's why the plea agreement at section eleven comes in, and the

1	portion that was read excuse me, I believe
2	it's page eleven, section, also section eleven.
3	It was contemplated when the original plea
4	agreement was entered, of course, that the
5	individual defendants would have been dismissed
6	from this case with prejudice long before
7	sentencing was to a occur. And that, in fact,
8	is what happened. And that last sentence in
9	the paragraph that we've been reading, United
10	acknowledges that a special condition of
11	probation will require that all corporate
12	returns be filed, and all amounts due and owing
13	under this agreement and all taxes due and
14	owing for tax years 2002, 2008 must be paid
15	prior to the termination of the period of
16	probation.

It is my understanding and my recollection that the reason that that was put in, and the reason it says all taxes due and owing, and not just United taxes due and owing, is it was a safety measure for the government to ensure that if any of the individual taxes weren't paid before United's probation could be terminated, United had to do it. And that was the purpose for that last sentence. Otherwise

1	there is really no reason for that sentence to
2	be there, because as Your Honor pointed out,
3	the previous sentence indicates that all of it
4	is supposed to be done prior to sentencing.
5	That was a safety measure for the government.
6	It still is a safety measure for government,
7	and that's how I read this. And that's how I
8	recall that portion of the plea agreement
9	coming into existence in the first place.
10	And lo and behold, here we do need that
11	safety provision, because United is not
12	permitting the individual taxes, estimated
13	taxes for Waheed and Waleed to be paid. If
14	they release those funds, this is no longer an
15	issue. The clients, Waheed and Waleed Hamed,
16	both stand ready to make those estimated
17	payments and then file their returns. They've
18	requested permission, it's been granted, I
19	presume, although I don't know that for a fact
20	that the government has also granted
21	permission, because I don't think the U.S.
22	Marshals would have issued that e-mail without
23	the government also agreeing to it, and
24	obviously, it's in the government's interest
25	that it gets the money and the taxes gets paid.

So that's what I have to say about point one.

The next concern I have is that -- and it does get complicated, and really do appreciate that, but Your Honor as part of this sentencing is presumably going to be entering some orders with regard to independent monitoring of United Corporation as well as a corporate compliance and ethics program that was required by the plea agreement, that's always been required by the plea agreement. It's required by the guidelines, something that is put -- to be put in place whenever a corporation is sentenced.

What has complicated this is in the interim Judge Brady, Judge Douglas Brady of the Superior Court, has entered a restraining order compelling the management and operation of the Plaza Extra stores to be maintained between both the Yusuf family or United Corporation, and Mohammad Hamed, by and through his designated and appointed person, which, at this time, is Waleed Hamed.

So the concern I have is that this Court, certainly, it's -- you're within your jurisdiction to enter these requirements, but they're going to enter it as to United

1	Corporation without the portion of United
2	Corporation doing business as Plaza Extra that
3	is required by Judge Brady's order, and that is
4	input by Mr. Mohammad Hamed by and through his
5	designated agent.

So when a monitor is chosen, this independent monitor is chosen, it will not be chosen with Mr. Mohammad Hamed's input, because he's not been brought a part of these proceedings, or the decision-making process by government nor by United. That will, in effect, then violate Judge Brady's order, that they must be joint, and must continue as joint.

Now, it was, this matter was appealed, there was oral argument last week before the Supreme Court. My understanding is that the United Corporation and the Yusuf family filed a, excuse me, a motion to stay the temporary restraining order while the case was being heard in the Supreme Court. The Virgin Islands Supreme Court, to date, has refused to act on that request. So as we stand here today for sentencing, Judge Brady's restraining order is in place, and it does require that Mohammad Hamed participate in the management of the

stores, which is my point what we're trying to express to Your Honor is that would include the selection of any monitor and input certainly, and development of any compliance program.

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So that goes to my second concern. With regard to access to the documents and the protocol to be used, I think I'm pretty much in agreement with Attorney Andreozzi. The only thing I would add is that in addition to all of that, we need to make sure that the cost borne for that is appropriately decided, because it's one thing to decide how you're going to do it, but we're talking about six hundred banker boxes of documents plus. That's what the government has. And so there is hundreds of thousands of pages involved. And there is obviously going to be significant cost associated with that. And I don't think you can do this in a vacuum and say this is how you're going to do it without determining who is going to pay for it as well. And I think it's appropriate to keep in place the TRO to the extent we need to find out how this is going to be paid for, and who is going to pay for the expense of the access to documents.

1	THE COURT: Let me ask you this, Attorney
2	Colon.
3	MS. COLON: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Is Waleed Hamed, your client,
5	part of the negotiations and discussions with
6	Judge Barnard regarding these ancillary issues?
7	MS. COLON: First of all, Waheed is my
8	client.
9	THE COURT: I'm sorry, Waheed.
10	MS. COLON: No problem, ma'am. But I was
11	not present at the mediation, because of a
12	prior commitment to the Third Circuit, so I
13	could not be physically there. Waheed, my
14	client, was represented temporarily by Joel
15	Holt in that mediation, but he certainly was
16	there. I believe my client himself was present
17	at the mediation, but I know Attorney Holt was
18	there representing him. Attorney Andreozzi and
19	Attorney Gordon Rhea were there representing
20	Waleed, and I believe Waleed Hamed was also
21	present.
22	So, yes, there's been active negotiations,
23	and we are certainly part of the ongoing
24	mediation of the open issues that just occurred
25	last month with Judge Barnard.

1	THE COURT: Okay. So, to the extent that
2	you believe that the cost issue is an issue, a
3	legitimate issue that needs to be discussed and
4	resolved
5	MS. COLON: Yes.
6	THE COURT: you have the opportunity,
7	in the context of those discussions, to raise
8	that with Judge Barnard, is that
9	MS. COLON: I agree. Absolutely. My
10	concern is not the opportunity. My concern is
11	access to funds to pay for it once it's decided
12	who is going to pay for it.
13	THE COURT: So the issue from your
14	perspective is making sure that the TRO is
15	maintained, or extended, beyond the period of
16	the sentencing?
17	MS. COLON: Correct.
18	THE COURT: Which according to the plea
19	agreement, the government can basically move
20	to end the TRO, your concern is to make sure
21	that that stays beyond that period so that
22	these types of issues can be addressed
23	appropriately?
24	MS. COLON: Exactly. Exactly. And it is
25	my position that that could be done through

1	terms of probation. Because my overarching
2	concern is that whatever happens to finish up
3	the issues that were addressed in mediation but
4	not yet resolved, that the Court, however,
5	maintains jurisdiction over all of that, or all
6	of Judge Barnard's hard work and mediation will
7	be for nought, because there won't be
8	jurisdictions and/or funds to accomplish what
9	is ultimately decided.

THE COURT: Is this an issue, separate and apart from mediation, is this an issue that counsel for government and you discussed prior to coming here today?

MS. COLON: We did. And it was my suggestion, at that time, that we request Your Honor maintain jurisdiction over those portions of the mediation that have not yet been completed for another sixty days. But as I look at what has developed since then, it seems to me that first of all, I think it's going to take more than sixty days, and although it may get put in place in terms of the protocol being decided upon within the sixty-day period, I certainly would hope so, I'm not sure that the actual dissemination of the documents and

Τ	payment for that dissemination will all get
2	done within sixty days. That's not likely,
3	because this will be a lot of work. And
4	therefore, beyond the sixty days contemplated,
5	continuation of the Court's jurisdiction, I
6	think the more appropriate, the more
7	appropriate time to approach this is to
8	request, as we are, that it be put in a term of
9	probation, condition of probation, so that it
10	will be completed within the term of probation,
11	or probation will not have been satisfactory
12	completed.
13	THE COURT: So, your suggestion is really
14	to add this term, that is, the issue regarding
15	the documents, to the existing plea agreement?
16	MS. COLON: Not to the plea agreement.
17	THE COURT: As a term well, doesn't it
18	have to be added to the plea agreement if it is
19	11(c)1(C) plea that you're asking the Court to
20	adopt? Can the Court add terms, terms to the
21	probation without that having come from the
22	parties if it's an 11(c)1(C)plea?
23	MS. COLON: I think, I think the Court can
24	add conditions to probation as Court sees fit.
25	I don't think the 11(c)(1)(C) plea binds the

1	terms of probation. It binds the Court to
2	issue probation, but I do not believe it binds
3	the Court to terms of probation. I think
4	that's always going to be within the discretion
5	of the Court.
6	THE COURT: Do you have authority for
7	that?
8	MS. COLON: No, but I'll get it to you by
9	tomorrow.
10	THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.
11	MS. COLON: Okay. With regard to Judge
12	Barnard's pending order, I pretty much have
13	addressed that. And, again, while I don't
14	think it prevents any sentencing going forward,
15	to the extent that Judge Barnard's orders
16	involve payment of any funds, I again think the
17	TRO needs to be kept in place or extended into
18	the probation period so that compliance with
19	his orders with regard to payment of anything,
20	if he so orders, I can't read his mind, I don't
21	know what he's going to order, so that is
22	preserved and status quo is maintained, with
23	regard to the ability to have those things paid
24	for should the judge issue orders requiring
25	payment.

Finally, I disagree with Attorney
Andreozzi with regard to the issue of the
signatures. The plea agreement absolutely
requires the signatures of all individual
defendants to any addendum. And my client I
didn't even know about this second addendum,
let alone have an opportunity to discuss with
my client whether he wished to or did not wish
to sign off on this addendum. And I don't
think it's valid without my client's signature.

Now, the government's response is telling in many ways. The counsel for government asserts that it was not required to have Hamed or -- excuse me, either of the Hameds, or any of the other individual defendants sign off on the first addendum, but she cites no authority for that. The plea agreement itself is pretty clear on that. And it's the stand alone section, and I don't know how you get around that. And for that very reason, that is why everybody signed off on that first addendum.

Moreover, she's asserting the reason the individual defendants had to sign that is because there were promises that were made to the individual defendants by representatives of

1	the VIBIR regarding the years that were at
2	issue. Well, there are promises in this second
3	addendum that are made also that enure to the
4	benefit of the United and the Yusuf individual
5	defendants as shareholders of United. So I
6	don't understand the distinction. It is a
7	distinction without a difference, as far as I'm
8	concerned. And I firmly believe that it is not
9	valid unless my client signs on it.

THE COURT: And the promises that you are referring to that you say creates a distinction without a difference, point me to the language that you're referring to.

MS. COLON: Oh, sure. As I understand it, the second agreement, sorry, the second addendum, indicates that "the parties entered into closing agreements with the VIBIR for the years 2002 through 2010. The VIBIR agreed to enter into a similar agreement for 2011/2012 after the individual tax returns -- individual income tax returns have been filed and the tax due has been paid." That refers to individuals. And presumably this isn't just going to enure to the benefit of certain individuals and not my client, as an individual

1 defendant here, or former defendant here. 2 Unless you have any further questions of 3 me, I don't have anything further, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. Just one moment. 4 5 MS. COLON: Sure. 6 THE COURT: The sentence you're referring 7 to is the part that speaks to the VIBIR 8 agreement? 9 MS. COLON: Yes. 10 THE COURT: VIBIR has agreed to do? 11 MS. COLON: Correct. The parties -- well, 12 on the second page of the addendum, where it 13 starts after the comma for mediation, it says, 14 "the parties --15 THE COURT: I see that. 16 MS. COLON: -- entered into closing 17 agreements with VIBIR for the years 2002 18 through 2010. Well, my client was a party to the mediation, and the VIBIR agreed to enter 19 20 into a similar agreement for 2011 and 2012 21 after the individual income tax returns have 22 been filed and the tax due has been paid. And that, you know, why is this enuring to the 23 benefit of only certain individuals, certain 24 25 individual income tax returns?

1	THE COURT: Did the parties enter into
2	closing agreements with the VIBIR?
3	MS. COLON: Your Honor, I will defer to
4	Attorney Andreozzi on that, because I was not
5	directly involved with the mediation, because I
6	was not there. And I do not want to speak
7	without direct knowledge of that, but it is my
8	understanding that they have.
9	THE COURT: And is the second part of that
10	sentence, or the second sentence, the first
11	full sentence on that page two, is that true,
12	to your understanding, as well?
13	MS. COLON: That is true to my
14	understanding, but what is not here is that the
15	additional \$315,000 was also to be remitted to
16	the VIBIR, it was an attempt, we certainly
17	attempted to remit it, but it's, according to
18	my understanding, again, I don't have personal
19	knowledge, that has been blocked by United.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Thank, counsel.
21	MS. COLON: Thank you, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Attorney Andreozzi, are you
23	there? Just following up on the question that
24	I just asked Attorney Colon. The second
25	addendum, where it says that the parties

1 entered into closing agreements with the VIBIR 2 for the years 2002 through 2010. Do you see 3 that? 4 MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes, I see that. 5 THE COURT: Do you know that to be true? 6 MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes. Well, we entered 7 into, it wasn't a closing agreement, it was a 8 closing agreement is a VIBIR format 906, Miss 9 Hendrickson may have a copy of it, I don't have 10 one before me, but the one executed for Waleed 11 Hamed, my client, was a very short, I think 12 one-sentence thing saying, you know, agreeing that once the returns were filed and taxes were 13 14 paid to the BIR for the subject years, that extended through 2010, as Your Honor indicated, 15 16 rather than 2008, as indicated in the 17 agreement. 18 THE COURT: Yes. 19 MR. ANDREOZZI: It extended, if you can 20 get the returns in for 2012, you know, the same 21 will be true. It would, those returns would be 22 paid in full and finalized per the terms of the 23 plea agreement. 24 THE COURT: So it's individual agreements

between the VIBIR and individual defendants,

25

1	correct?
2	MR. ANDREOZZI: Correct. Correct.
3	THE COURT: Attorney Colon
4	MR. ANDREOZZI: That's why I'm a little
5	bit unsure as to what this paragraph says. As
6	I indicated in our earlier discussions.
7	Because I don't think it goes, it does anything
8	beyond what is said in the plea agreement,
9	other than to extend the benefits through
10	current, through 2012.
11	THE COURT: So in your mind does it modify
12	the plea agreement in that regard?
13	MR. ANDREOZZI: Only to extend it.
14	THE COURT: Do you consider that a
15	modification?
16	MR. ANDREOZZI: No. No, I don't. Because
17	the plea agreement was executed back in 2000
18	I don't know what, 2010, and the only returns
19	that were due in, I think it was February of
20	2010, the only returns that would have been due
21	and owing, because the Plaintiff, or the
22	defendant did not file well, during the
23	pendency of the criminal case, would have been
24	2008. So the facts we could agree to there
25	were 2008. Now that we're at 2013, you know,

- we're able to extend it out further.
- THE COURT: So, in other words, the
- 3 contemplation of the agreement was that you
- 4 would extend it out to the time period that the
- 5 sentencing would be taking place, or as far as
- 6 possible?
- 7 MR. ANDREOZZI: I don't think anybody
- 8 anticipated that it would be this long, so I
- 9 don't know that it was contemplated then. I'm
- sure everybody thought that we would get this
- 11 done fairly quickly, because we've all had this
- 12 interim, extended far beyond I assume what
- anybody thought would happen. But I can't say
- 14 that we intended that it would extend. But the
- parties agreed that, you know, that, you know,
- 16 mediation, the Court would extend the period
- through 2012, as it sat here. And if I'm
- saying anything incorrect, Miss Hendrickson is
- 19 there, she may want to speak to that.
- THE COURT: She'll have an opportunity in
- 21 a moment. Attorney Colon.
- MS. COLON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: Attorney Andreozzi spoke,
- 24 addressed his, his response to, obviously, his
- 25 client Waleed.

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               MS. COLON:
                          Yes.
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               THE COURT:
                          Your client is?
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               MS. COLON:
                          Waheed.
               THE COURT: Waheed Hamed. And I believe
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 5
          you indicated that somebody else was there in
 6
          your stead.
 7
               MS. COLON: That's correct.
 8
               THE COURT:
                          On behalf of your client?
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               MS. COLON: Correct.
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               THE COURT: And who was that?
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               MS. COLON:
                          That was Attorney Joel Holt.
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               THE COURT:
                          Now, given the fact that your
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          client was present, were you informed as to
14
          whether that statement, or the statements that
15
          you're referring to on page two of the
16
          addendum, were true as to your client?
               MS. COLON: My understanding, it was to
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18
          apply to everybody. And that's why I don't
19
          understand -- let me put it this way, Judge, if
20
          this addendum includes an additional $315,000
          being remitted, my client will sign on it or
21
22
          won't have a problem not signing on it, because
23
          that's my understanding was contemplated at the
24
          mediation, this was applying to everybody.
25
               THE COURT: And your position is that,
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1 your underlying position is that it is 2 something that as it applies to your client, 3 your client should have been signing? 4 MS. COLON: Absolutely. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 6 MS. COLON: And we wouldn't sign it as 7 this. 8 THE COURT: Understood. 9 MS. COLON: Thank you, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Thank you. Okay. Attorney 11 Hendrickson. 12 MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, going 13 through them point by point again, as 14 Mr. Andreozzi and Miss Colon just did, I think 15 that everyone is in agreement on point one. 16 And Court's questions regarding some of the 17 language on page eleven I think could just be 18 attributed to my, perhaps, inartful drafting. 19 That it was the intent of the parties that if 20 we took out that sentence, we'll require all 21 corporate returns be filed, that the last 22 sentence, the really most important part is 23 that the condition of probation was going to 24 make sure that all the individuals paid taxes 25 so the government did have some leverage if

1	that did not occur, even though the corporate
2	plea was only with United. Because as Mr.
3	Andreozzi said, as corporation reports its
4	profits through the individual shareholders, so
5	the individual would have to file returns or
6	otherwise make some agreement with the VIBIR
7	for the taxes to be paid that were based on an
8	operations of United.

So the intent of that paragraph was to make sure that all the payments were paid through 2008. And, of course, when this was written in February 2010, it was prior to the parties agreeing on any restitution. If the Court has read through this, we had two proposals that was attached, Exhibit 1 to the plea agreement, that the defendants' position was about \$2.9 million, and the government's position was \$24 million.

We filed briefings, an evidentiary hearing conducted by Judge Barnard, more mediation.

Judge Barnard was very skilled and able to get us to come to an agreement that resulted in the first addendum where the parties agreed that there would be a \$10 million payment for all taxes due for the years at issue in the

indictment, 1996 through 2001.

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And the difference between the first addendum and the second one is that the first one there was just one document, which was filed with the court. And then everyone signed, because it was addressing the criminal years and also was addressing the clause in the plea agreement. There were no closing agreements, nothing was written, at that time, when the first addendum was signed.

The government filed a motion later, a notice with the Court, that there was a closing agreement reached in July of 2011, and then that's when there was actually the \$10 million was tendered to the VIBIR. So that was part of the reason there was a difference. At the time of that mediation, the defendants, or the individual defendants knew that we had agreed to \$10 million, and that no one would have to worry about paying any other taxes for those tax years, as far as United States or the VIBIR was concerned.

In the second addendum, and I would submit, Your Honor, perhaps I should have just submitted this as notice of progress of

mediation that the point was just to document
the fact that the mediation had taken place and
contrary to the first addendum and the first
mediation, the VIBIR was there, and through the
course of mediation, entered into agreements
with every individual. So there was no reason
to file something separately with the Court.

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Now, I agree with Mr. Andreozzi's point that a closing agreement is a term of art, and that's not what was signed during mediation. But the point was that all the individual defendants had negotiated with the VIBIR individually and that part of the plea agreement that the Court would need to be concerned with is that be done prior to sentencing has been met. So that was the purpose of filing the second addendum, to say that that clause on page eleven regarding the filing of the 2002 through 2008 tax returns has been met by the mediation process, by the agreements with the VIBIR. And since all the money has been paid, the \$6.5 million was paid by Mr. -- by United Corporation, so there is no other funds that need to be paid prior to the termination of probation as far as United is

-	3
	concerned.
_	COHCCTHCA.

THE COURT: Let me back up for a minute.

And go back first to the interpretation of the paragraph that I discussed with both Attorney

Andreozzi and Attorney Colon on this issue regarding the timing of the payment.

Am I understanding you correctly that you are in agreement with Attorney Colon regarding the interpretation of that paragraph? That is to say that the understanding was that the payments were to be made prior to the time of sentencing, that is, including the individual defendants' payments, and that the last sentence there that we were discussing about payments being made prior to the termination of the period of probation, was, in fact, sort of the guarantee that the government would have that all these payments were, in fact, paid?

MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Although I think the critical distinction is that there was no agreement that United would pay. I think February of 2010 that was certainly the anticipation, if things would have been resolved a few months later, that that may have happened. But we never actually agreed to

1	that, because, again, we couldn't even agree to
2	the restitution amount. So we were trying to
3	nail down as many terms as we could. We had
4	less to resolve at sentencing. But I think the
5	key distinction there is that that paragraph
6	does not mean United has to pay all of the
7	money. The paragraph meant that there would be
8	a special condition of probation during
9	United's probation, because United was the only
10	entity that pleaded guilty. So the government
11	had some leverage regarding making sure that
12	individual filed returns, which would include
13	United's profits. So that was kind of the,
14	without trying to get two wordy in the plea
15	agreement, that was our thinking, at the time,
16	because the corporation was an S corporation.
17	If individual tax returns weren't filed, the
18	VIBIR would not receive profits made based on
19	United and Plaza Extra's operations.
20	THE COURT: So, in other words, the idea
21	would be it would be a condition of United
22	probation to ensure that they were paying, but
23	not necessarily that United would have to pay,

MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And as we're

in the event that the individual did not pay?

24

1	standing here today, the \$16.5 million does pay
2	for the taxes of the operations of Plaza Extra
3	through 2010.
4	THE COURT: Okay. So, so your position is
5	that that particular provision has, in fact,
6	been satisfied, because the \$16.5 million would
7	include the amounts from years 2002
8	1996/2001, as well as 2002 through 2008?
9	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. The first plea
10	agreement addendum covered 1996 through 2001.
11	The second mediation session, and the second
12	addendum covered 2002 through 2010, which we
13	agreed to extend, rather than 2008, which was
14	in the plea agreement just because more returns
15	were due.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Now, what about this
17	issue that has been raised regarding the taxes,
18	the individual, the taxes of the individual
19	defendants, Waleed and Waheed Hamed, 300 and I
20	believe 20 some odd thousand \$315,000,
21	around there, what is the issue with respect to
22	that?
23	MS. HENDRICKSON: Well, Your Honor, I
24	think the only issue remaining is whether
25	United is going to pay that or not. And I'll

1	let Mr. DiRuzzo speak to that at more length,
2	but as far as the government's concerned is,
3	the plea agreement was for the VIBIR to get the
4	money owed to it based on the operations of
5	United, and it has. This other issue now with
6	the Hameds and whether United pays for their
7	individual income taxes, it's a separate issue
8	and should not delay sentencing, because as
9	Mr. Andreozzi said Waleed Hamed or Waheed Hamed
10	are not partners or owners, they're employees,
11	not managers. So United is not obligated to
12	pay taxes of all of its employees and managers
13	individually.
14	THE COURT: Now, Waleed and Waheed Hamed
15	were among the individual defendants
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes, they were.
17	THE COURT: in this matter. So, is it
18	correct that they were among the individual
19	defendants for whom all outstanding returns and
20	reporting documents had to have been filed and
21	full payments of the amounts due
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: were included?
24	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. But if I may?
25	THE COURT: Sure.

2	anticipation was we would have a sentencing
3	hearing perhaps in the summer or fall of 2010,
4	United probation would extend for a year,
5	everything would get filed, probably in 2011 or
6	early 2012. But since that all got moved,
7	then, and at this time, we didn't anticipate
8	even having any mediation, or having the
9	involvement of VIBIR in this process. They
10	were involved in helping get to the first plea
11	agreement, because the individual defendants
12	wanted to make sure that in the event of a
13	corporate plea, the VIBIR could not come after
14	them for some other taxes on some stock sales
15	or something from 1998, completely unrelated to
16	the allegations in the criminal case. So, at
17	that point, that was the only role of VIBIR.
18	Now, once the closing agreement was done
19	in 2011, for the years at issue in the
20	indictment, and then just last month, now the
21	VIBIR participated in all of that, and as we
22	left the mediation on June 10th, they were
23	happy with everything and had made arrangements
24	with individual defendants. So there is

nothing else this Court needs to do regarding

MS. HENDRICKSON: In February of 2010, our

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- 1 that term of the plea agreement.
- 2 THE COURT: So from the government's
- 3 perspective, all of the monies due and owing
- 4 under the paragraph eleven that we have been
- 5 speaking about for taxes due from 2002 through
- 6 2008 have been paid?
- 7 MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Again, because the
- 8 main point of this was that taxes were paid on
- 9 the profit of United, which would have been
- 10 reported by individual shareholders. So that's
- 11 why it has the individual income tax aspect in
- there, but the intent was really that the BIR
- got all the taxes due for United and Plaza
- Extra's operations, and they have received that
- money.
- 16 THE COURT: Okay. So, this \$315,000 that
- 17 the U.S. Marshal service agreed to have
- released deals with something completely
- separate from your perspective than the terms
- of this agreement?
- 21 MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Because it's not
- income directly related to the profits of
- United. Now, it may be some salary paid for
- 24 working for United, but was not the actual
- 25 profits that could have been reported and

1	flowed	through	to	the	individual	income	tax
2	returns	5.					

3 THE COURT: So the answer to my question
4 is that it does not have anything to do, at
5 least additional monies, do not have anything
6 to do with monies due and owing under this plea
7 agreement?

MS. HENDRICKSON: Correct. Correct.

The second issue regarding, I think I just touched on that, that the Hameds are not owners or partners. And that in the civil litigation, at least Mohammad Hamed is the one who has an interest in the procedures that are set up through the independent monitoring or the ethics compliance report.

And, Your Honor, I mean, we, of course, from the criminal perspective, from the United States perspective, we have tried to not be involved in a civil litigation at all, and only dealt with the things that impact us here today. But my interpretation of Judge Brady's order, if I may be so polled to try to interpret it, it's regarding the management of United, day-to-day, what expenses are paid for the operation of the supermarkets. It's not

addressing complying with the terms of the plea agreement in the criminal case.

And from our mediation session with Judge Barnard, I thought we were all in agreement that Judge Brady's order also recognized that this case was still pending, and it was not through and through.

So I would ask the Court to reject the position of Mr. Andreozzi and Miss Colon to say that we will submit a compliance program to the Court, based on generally, on accounting principles, not going to be a full audit or a full review, but it's just going to have very standard language. There is not something that's going to be, I think, that's going to be a potential burden or impact for the Hameds. While United is on probation, of course, if we file something with the Court, and the Court wants to invite counsel for Hameds to weigh in on it, the Court can certainly do that, but it's not something that should hold up the sentencing of United.

Mr. DiRuzzo and I have exchanged agreements and have sent out proposals for the monitors, and language is taken from other

1	similar agreements we've done similar to the
2	language that's in the temporary restraining
3	order. So not something that the Court can't
4	supervise individually.

THE COURT: So from your perspective, specifically, from a substantive point of view, your view is that, say, the appointment of a monitor, the responsibilities of a monitor, regarding the overseeing of sort of the financial aspects, ensuring the taxes are paid and that kind of thing, setting up of a compliance program, that will obviously bind the Plaza Extra stores, that should not be considered to be part and parcel of the day-to-day operations, even assuming the Court were to take into account what's going on in the civil matter?

MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Yes. That's government's position.

THE COURT: Okay. So, is it also your position that the Court should essentially ignore that ruling as it pertains to the, the sentencing here, and the terms and conditions that are imposed pursuant to the plea agreement?

1	MS. HENDRICKSON: I think two points:
2	One, in Judge Brady's order, or in other
3	pleadings in the case, and it's in that

particular document, Judge Brady acknowledged 4 5 that the criminal case was still pending, was

6 not intending to intrude on that.

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And second, I think what the parties are envisioning regarding the monitoring and the compliance program was just kind of some basic overall review, periodically, of United's day-to-day operations and make sure that they're complying with the law that have been under monitoring since 2003. I mean, it's not that we have a grave concern that we're worried about anything, at this point.

Another point I would make for the Court is that at the time, since we were talking about millions of dollars potentially being paid as part of the terms of plea agreement, we expected that it probably would not be paid until near the end of probation. So that was also part of the government's concern. I can tell you that was my concern at the time it was being drafted. And now that issue doesn't exist, because all the money has been paid up

through, already, before sentencing. So that
doesn't even need to be a special condition,
the actual payments of the fines.

So the monitoring can be done in conjunction with the controllers, the other accounting employees at United, by just the monitor getting periodic financial statements, bank statements, whatever type of information the monitors wants. And it may be something that unless the monitor has any questions, they just file reports with the Court quarterly and say I reviewed these statements, and I've talked to employees, and they're complying with the terms, and they're filing their tax returns, and they're paying their taxes.

That's really what we anticipate. Not a thorough audit. Not somebody going in and looking at all of the books in the record and trying to trace every dollar that comes into the store. So I think it's much more cursory procedure, if I could use that word. And again, I think because the money has already been paid, less of an issue.

Of course, the whole facts of this case was that money was skimmed, so if the

1	government wasn't getting paid, we wanted to
2	make sure that money wasn't getting diverted
3	that could have been used to pay the
4	government. That's not an issue now.
5	THE COURT: Let me ask you while you're on
6	the topic of monitor. This issue regarding the
7	timing of the appointment of the monitor as it
8	relates to the terms of the agreement, it was,
9	as I read the plea agreement, it was my
10	understanding that the monitor would be in
11	place at the time of sentencing, such that the
12	period, the monitors overseeing of the
13	financial aspects and issues related to the
14	taxes and so forth would coincide with the
15	one-year term of probation that's being
16	proposed in the plea agreement.
17	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And, Your Honor,
18	if I may direct the Court's attention, on page
19	eight, at the top.
20	THE COURT: Page eight of the plea
21	agreement?
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: Page eight of the plea
23	agreement, yes, Your Honor, right before
24	paragraph two, it does say that it would be
25	"expressly approved by the government prior to

the beginning of the term of probation." The next sentence, "If the parties cannot reach agreement on a third party, the independent third party will be selected by the Court."

At this point, we couldn't agree on anything, so that was a caveat basically for all the important terms. Now, Mr. DiRuzzo and I have agreed on the people who have been sent proposals, and we have agreed that, and he can speak to this too, but we've agreed that the United will be subject to one year of probation from the time the monitors starts. So instead of one-year of probation, if the monitor is not in place until September 1st, probation could be 13 and a half months or fourteen months, whatever would extend it to the next year.

At the time we drafted this, again, that would be the best way to go if we could, but there was a lot of moving parts. At this point, I think we're in a much better position than I anticipated we would be in February, 2010. We've at least agreed on people that we've sent proposals to the language of the proposal, and in one of them agreed to it that will be then submitted to the Court.

Τ	Mr. DiRuzzo has a copy of the one of the
2	proposals we sent out, if the Court wants a
3	copy of it. But I think that's something that
4	doesn't need hold up the sentencing today. It
5	is a condition of probation. And so long as
6	United agreeing to extend the term of probation
7	to one year from the day the monitor's in
8	place, then the term of the plea agreement has
9	been satisfied, as far as government is
10	concerned.
11	THE COURT: So your proposal would be to
12	impose a sentence in which probation would
13	commence, obviously, at the time that the
14	judgment is entered, J&C is entered, and
15	continue until a year after the monitor has
16	been appointed?
17	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And I would defer
18	to the Court as to whether it's called a
19	condition of probation, or we say the
20	monitoring is certainly a condition of
21	probation, but we could also have the
22	monitoring agreement, by agreement of the

THE COURT: Is that something that would

probation.

parties, extend passed the one year of

23

24

Τ	have to be agreed to by the individual
2	defendants as well, under the terms of the plea
3	agreement?
4	MS. HENDRICKSON: I don't think so,
5	because it's regarding the process of
6	monitoring the operations of United, which in
7	February of 2010, there was no dispute about.
8	Now with intervening sole litigation, I think
9	there is some issue, but when we wrote this in
10	the agreement, there was no contemplation that
11	we would be discussing this with all of the
12	individual defendants. That it would be
13	clients of the corporation and the business
14	itself, and make sure it was run properly and
15	taxes were filed and taxes were paid. Most of
16	the individual defendants had nothing to do
17	with those aspects of running the supermarket.
18	THE COURT: Okay. But the agreement says
19	that if there are any modifications to the plea
20	agreement, it has to be agreed to by has to
21	be in writing and signed by the government,
22	United, the individual defendants, and United
23	shareholders. How do you get around that?
24	MS. HENDRICKSON: I agree. I think that I
25	just read before, we anticipated if we couldn't

1	agree,	that	the	Court	could	appo:	int a thi	rd
2	party.	So,	info	ormatio	on was	just	provided	to
3	the Coi	ırt. a	and t	the Coi	ırt. woı	ıld se	elect.	

THE COURT: Are you proposing that the Court is going to select --

MS. HENDRICKSON: No. I'm say -- what we anticipated that we couldn't -- government and counsel for United could not agree on who would be the third party, then we would ask the Court to facilitate that, or we would present the Court with a list of five people and say here's all the people, and the government wants this person, and counsel for United wants this person. So if the Court can pick this one, so long as they're all capable and competent.

what I'm asking is, if, for example, you're proposing, as I understand it, for the Court to extend the term of probation right now, right now there is a plea agreement that says probation is one year. If, in fact, the probation is extended beyond one year, which would be the case if given the fact there is no monitor in place now, if we have sentencing today, the idea, the proposal that's been

suggested is that the Court would extend the term of probation such that, if you intend to appoint somebody for the six months, for example, what you would end up with is a term of probation of 18 months instead of one year, which is different from what the plea agreement says right now. Because it provides for a one-year period of probation.

My question was, whether or not if that were to be proposed, whether that change in the agreement pursuant to section thirteen on page twelve of the agreement, whether that would have to be in writing and signed by the government, United, the individual defendants, and United shareholders, as a modification to the one-year probation period that now exists in the plea agreement?

MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, we would respond no for two reasons. One, it's United's probation. All the individual defendants were dismissed from this case in February -- March of 2010, when Judge Finch, that order which was mentioned in the response we filed today. So only interest the government was worried about in February 2010, when this was

1	being written, was that the individuals would
2	file their income taxes and pay their taxes.
3	THE COURT: That's not what section
4	thirteen says, is it?
5	MS. HENDRICKSON: No. I agree with you,
6	it's broader than that.
7	THE COURT: And at the time that you
8	entered the plea agreement, there was a
9	provision at the beginning that contemplated
10	that, in fact, the individual defendants would
11	be dismissed from the action. At the time the
12	United States at the time that United, I'm
13	sorry, enters its plea to the above-referenced
14	count, the government will dismiss all counts
15	of the indictment with prejudice against and
16	it names the individual defendants.
17	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
18	THE COURT: By the time you entered the
19	plea agreement, there was an agreement that the
20	individual defendants would be dismissed. They
21	would be out of the matter.
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: I agree.
23	THE COURT: But there still was a section,
2.4	or part thirteen that nonetheless said that no

modification of the plea agreement shall be

effective unless it is in writing and signed by
the individual defendants.

MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes, I agree with that,
Your Honor. I would say that, again, it could
have been drafted better, but at the time what
we were thinking about, Miss Colon and
Mr. Andreozzi can weigh in on this, to the
extent that any agreement was made, it impacted
any of the individual defendants, that was the
purpose, because they had allegations under
this plea agreement even though they were being
dismissed.

But, again, government's focus is on the recording of income by Plaza Extra and the payment of taxes, which could only happen through the individual shareholders. And since the individual defendants were dismissed from the case, the government also wanted to make sure that they filed their tax returns and paid their taxes. So that's really, at the time when this was negotiated, the only part that was impacting now. It was not anticipated that anything that in general that was particular to United and its conditions of probation would be something that they would need to agree to.

put in there a condition of probation would include the payment of individual income taxes was because that's the only way corporate profits were reported.	L	As I said before, the only reason that we
was because that's the only way corporate	2	put in there a condition of probation would
	3	include the payment of individual income taxes,
profits were reported.	1	was because that's the only way corporate
	5	profits were reported.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. HENDRICKSON: Regarding the return of property, I think the parties are in agreement that it can be done afterwards. And I'll let Mr. DiRuzzo speak to the issue of the cost, and whether there is anything that the Court need even address with respect to that.

The last issue with the signatures, I think we've touched on that with some of the other points that we discussed. That the intent in February 2010, was that the individual obligation was to file income taxes and to pay taxes. To the extent that hasn't been completed by the Hameds, the VIBIR participated in the mediation. They have a process set up. There is nothing left that the Court need supervise, in the opinion of the government.

THE COURT: Let me ask you about the additional \$6.5 million. Is that intended to

1	be part of the restitution? In the second
2	addendum, the last \$6.5 million, that's added
3	to the \$10 million, is that intended to be part
4	of the restitution?
5	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. It was part of the
6	resolution contemplated by the original plea
7	agreement, yes.
8	THE COURT: Do you have a sense of how
9	long, how much longer it will take to appoint
10	the monitor?
11	MS. HENDRICKSON: Approximately two weeks,
12	Your Honor.
13	Were there any points I didn't address
14	that Court wanted to hear from?
15	THE COURT: I'm just checking on that.
16	MR. ANDREOZZI: May I weigh in?
17	THE COURT: Yes. Just a moment.
18	MR. ANDREOZZI: Okay.
19	THE COURT: The issue with respect to the
20	documents. I think in your, in your initial
21	filing you had asked for the Court to retain
22	jurisdiction until September
23	MS. HENDRICKSON: For sixty days, yes,
24	September 16th.
25	THE COURT: Sixteen. Is that does that

1 remain your position on that?

MS. HENDRICKSON: Well, here was our 2 3 thinking, Your Honor: The main issue is both Mr. Andreozzi and Miss Colon alluded to, part 4 5 of it is the cost of doing it. And we agree 6 with that. But I think so long as we have a 7 procedure in place, and there is an agreement 8 that United is going to pay for it, then there 9 is no reason for the Court to retain 10 jurisdiction until the documents actually get 11 returned. If there is some kind of issue with 12 that, then the parties can bring it to the 13 Court's attention, but I think our anticipation 14 was that we would file a procedure with the 15 Court, counsel for the Hameds could weigh in on 16 that procedure. We talked about it a little 17 bit. We just didn't fine tune it during the 18 mediation, but the general tint was for the 19 records to be put with an independent 20 third-party custodian, and then, a separate 21 location would be picked, whether it is a 22 storage location or something like that, where 23 all the records would be put, and then in that 24 way, because of the pending civil litigation, 25 all parties would have access to all records

1 related to the criminal investigation. 2 So I think the Court supervision isn't 3 necessary in just approving the procedure, or after approving the procedure and the payment. 4 5 If we can, I think we can do that easily within 6 sixty days. And if there is some issue 7 regarding how it transpires, that could be 8 brought to the Court's attention. 9 THE COURT: And your contemplation, and 10 I'm assuming this would address Attorney 11 Colon's concern, but I'm not sure, is that 12 United would be responsible for the payment? 13 MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Does that address your 15 concern? 16 MS. COLON: Partially. THE COURT: Partially. Okay. Thank you, 17 18 Attorney Hendrickson. 19 MS. HENDRICKSON: Thank you. 20 THE COURT: Before you start, Attorney 21 DiRuzzo, Attorney Andreozzi. 22 MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes, Your Honor. 23 you. Just briefly to clarify. Attorney 24 Hendrickson indicated just now that the \$6.5 25 million that was paid recently out of United

1	Corporation went to restitution amounts. I
2	think she mentioned earlier that the payments
3	of the sixteen some million dollars that were
4	made went only to income for United. I don't
5	believe that that's accurate. There were many
6	other payments and deposits made by United
7	Corporation to go to the income tax liability
8	as the case was progressing. And as I
9	understand it, all of that money plus the 6.5
10	was to pay to cover the total tax liability of
11	the individual shareholders, the people, and
12	that

THE COURT: Please repeat.

13

25

14 MR. ANDREOZZI: The payments that were 15 made in total, the \$6.5 million, and the other payments, it's my understanding that those 16 satisfy the income tax liability of the 17 18 individual shareholders, who are referenced by 19 initials on page eleven, and that includes, 20 that liability includes income above and beyond 21 income just from United Corporation, other 22 investments, income, et cetera. We have no 23 problem with the application of ones who pays 24 those.

However, they should also be used to pay

Τ	for the agreement the same income, same type of
2	outside income of the other individuals, Waleed
3	and Waheed Hamed. And so to suggest that that
4	money only went to pay those incomes, I don't
5	believe is accurate.
6	Miss Hendrickson, if she can confirm that
7	with the tax returns with VIBIR. But my
8	understanding, that that went to pay the other
9	individuals' total liability, and should also
10	go to pay the total liability of the individual
11	defendants, Waleed and Waheed Hamed.
12	THE COURT: Meaning the additional
13	\$315,000?
14	MR. ANDREOZZI: Yes. Yes. If the others
15	got their taxes paid with these deposits,
16	payments, et cetera, then, so too should the
17	other individual defendants.
18	THE COURT: Attorney Hendrickson, do you
19	want to respond?
20	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes, to clarify. I
21	agree with Mr. Andreozzi that during those
22	years the payments were made, based on copies
23	of the requests for payment government sought
24	and approved, and let the money be released,
25	that it was money to pay the tax obligations of

1	the Yusuf family members who were listed as
2	shareholders in the record of the VIBIR. And
3	there was other income on some of their
4	returns. So, if they had other investments and
5	things like that. So I think that is a fair
6	representation to say United paid for other
7	taxes that the individual shareholders owed on
8	top of the flow through based on United's
9	operations.

The government's point is, the whole purpose of the plea agreement was to make sure the VIBIR got a hundred percent of the money paid or owed based on the operations of Plaza Extra. That has occurred.

Now, to the extent whether they would have been paid before, and not now, because of the civil lawsuit, that's not a term of the plea agreement. An understanding about who was going to pay back then.

Now, I think in light of the civil litigation, that Mr. DiRuzzo can address that, but that's not a part of the plea agreement. So to the extent there was additional money paid, and I reviewed the tax returns, I agree with Mr. Andreozzi's point, but I think it has

1	no impact on the plea agreement itself, since
2	the government's purpose was to get all the
3	income reported and the taxes paid for the
4	income of Plaza Extra. And with the payment of
5	\$6.5 million, that has occurred.
6	THE COURT: If that included other than
7	the flow through, so be it?
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
9	THE COURT: And the question of whether or
10	not the Hameds are entitled to similar
11	treatment from United, that is, paying
12	additional taxes that don't represent the flow
13	through, is an issue for the Hameds and United
14	to resolve, but is not an issue that bears on
15	the plea agreement here before the Court?
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Attorney DiRuzzo.
18	MR. DiRUZZO: Thank you, Your Honor. Let
19	me start with the \$315,000. I think we all can
20	agree that every tax payer, like every
21	individual, has a personal responsibility to
22	pay their own taxes, responsible to the
23	government. They have to do what they're
24	obliged to do with the Internal Revenue Code.
25	I think we all can agree, when you're an

L	employee, you have to ensure that your
2	withholding is appropriate. At the end of the
3	year, go do your taxes, if he invested in
1	Google, had a great year, you have a profit.

Likewise, you might have had a bad year.

You might have taken a loss on AIG, and that
would effect your tax. So as an employer goes,
the employer is not responsible for the
employee's individual liability to the
government. The employer withholds taxes, as
appropriate, as they have to and as directed,
in part, by the employee themselves, based upon
what they estimate their tax to be at the end
of the year, what kind of deductions they have,
how many children they have, for example, and
all these things are, in part, based upon the
employees' representation to the employer.

And why I bring this to your attention, when Waleed and Waheed, known as Wally and Willie, when they owe additional taxes, I don't know why they owe additional taxes, they might have had a great year investing in Google.

It's not their employer's obligation to backstop the employees' tax liabilities and then when the employee doesn't have enough

1	withholding and the employee owes additional
2	money to the government, come in and save the
3	day.

Another point for the Court to consider is if that were to happen, effectively, when an obligation, a liability of a tax payer, paid by a third party, that obligation, that liability, that's been satisfied, that represents additional income to that taxpayer. You'll see often cancellation of indebtedness income, a person will get a 1099 from, you know, someone that said hey, we have canceled out this debt. When you cancel out a debt, you get an economic benefit. As a result, you have to report that as income on your individual tax return.

THE COURT: Okay. So, let me stop you for a moment. It seems as though that's sort of going to the merit of the question as to whether or not United should be paying this \$315,000. To the extent that that doesn't bear on this case, I'm going to stop you and stay away from that.

MR. DiRUZZO: Okay.

THE COURT: I guess the pertinent question here is whether or not, is the \$16.5 million is

Ţ	in full and complete satisfaction of the monies
2	due and owing under the terms of the plea
3	agreement entered into by the parties?
4	MR. DiRUZZO: I would say yes. I want to
5	make a fine distinction. That additional 6.5
6	that was just recently paid, that was, for the
7	lack of a better term, the balance due on the
8	years 2002 through 2010. The individual
9	shareholders of United, like all tax payers,
10	have been making estimated tax payments along
11	the way. So for each tax year, you have your
12	income, you have your estimated tax payments,
13	maybe you have an additional amount owing,
14	maybe you have an additional amount that you
15	normally get returned, it's payments made along
16	the way.
17	So the amount that has been paid to the
18	Virgin Islands Government far exceeds 16.5
19	million. But the point being, the tax
20	obligations have been paid in full. And that,
21	as a result, there is nothing that would
22	preclude this Court from preceding with
23	sentencing.
24	As to the return of the documents issue,

the Court's well aware of the ongoing civil

1	litigation. There are a bunch of cases that
2	are transpiring. What I have done is I've
3	reached out to and sent requests for proposals
4	to three CPA's located on the island of
5	St. Thomas. We got back a proposal that I
6	have, that counsel for the government has an
7	opportunity to see, and basically, what's going
8	to happen, these documents are going to go from
9	the F.B.I. office, go into a storage space,
10	United is going to pay for the storage space,
11	the independent CPA, going to pay for all these
12	documents to be scanned, because, as the
13	Court's well aware, United is a litigant, civil
14	litigation; has an obligation to maintain and
15	protect these documents during the course of
16	all civil litigation. And that has been based
17	on the mass of the documents.
18	These documents are going to be scanned.
19	That way we don't have to make, you know,
20	hundreds of boxes of copies. Scanned, burned

That way we don't have to make, you know,

hundreds of boxes of copies. Scanned, burned

to a C.D., and everyone's going to get a copy.

So that way, there can be no allegation that

any of the documents have been misplaced,

destroyed. Going to be maintained under the

watchful eye of the third party, unrelated to

1	any party of the civil litigation. And
2	everyone is going to have multiple disks, hard
3	drive, of all the documents in an electronic
4	format for the period to what they will.
5	So I think that should alleviate
6	everyone's fear. The documents aren't going to
7	go missing, or not available, because I can
8	tell you right now, I need these documents. I
9	have to look at them myself. I have to come to
10	the conclusion, what documents are responses or
11	requests for production. These documents,
12	they're going to be maintained and going to be
13	preserved.
14	The point being, though, that the Court
15	need not get into that in this point of time
16	and preclude that, or use that as a way to
17	postpone the sentencing.
18	THE COURT: As I understand from Attorney
19	Hendrickson, the bottom line here is that you,
20	with respect to costs, there will be a
21	procedure put in place, that's being discussed
22	and resolved, at this time, I believe, with the
23	help of Magistrate Barnard?
24	MR. DiRUZZO: Correct.

THE COURT: And that the cost issue is one

1 that'	s going	to be borne	by United?
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MR. DiRUZZO: As a matter of fact, as a litigant, United has to bear the cost of litigation, which includes, among other things, protecting documents, preserving documents, producing documents to opposing counsel in ongoing litigation, at least costs. Whatever angle you look at it, these are costs that are going to have to be incurred by United as a litigant in ongoing litigation. So, I think that should alleviate everyone's concern about these documents.

As far as the monitor goes, I have been working, like I say, as diligently and expeditiously as possible with counsel for the government, drafting not only the cost for proposal, which I do have a copy if the Court would like to peruse, request for proposal of a bunch of CPA firms in Miami that have, for lack of a better term, grocery store experience.

And I sent out a request for proposal this morning, after counsel for government reviewed the list of potential CPA firms and did not object to any of those firms that we mentioned.

I sent out via e-mail this morning request for

1	proposal. Miss Henderson was copied on those
2	e-mails. And I am awaiting, you know, the
3	responses from the respective CPA firms. What
4	I'm anticipating, not very long for the CPA
5	firms to get back to me, for them to draft
6	their respective requests for the response for
7	those request for proposals, and specifically
8	told to copy Miss Hendrickson on that
9	correspondence, the communication. So she will
10	be made aware of what's going on.

And then the monitor, of course, obviously price is going to be in consideration, among other things, but based on the prospective proposals that we receive in return, a monitor is going to be selected, and they will come down and do what CPA firms need to do in the terms of the engagement.

THE COURT: Are you in agreement with

Attorney Hendrickson that it will be, probably
be a couple of weeks?

MR. DiRUZZO: No later than a couple of weeks. But I'm going to do my best to make sure that this thing moves along. If I had put on the government's shoes, I know what they want. They don't want me dragging my feet,

1	getting CPA firm six months from now, trying to
2	sandbag the government. Probation only a year,
3	and the CPA only been around a couple of
4	months, I can appreciate that. She doesn't
5	want that to happen. I don't have a problem
6	with that. So that's why I'm taking the
7	impetus, who I know is my client, to make sure
8	the monitor is selected as expeditiously and
9	diligently as possible.
10	THE COURT: Are you in agreement, as well,

THE COURT: Are you in agreement, as well, that the probation period would extend from the time of the J&C to a year after the monitor is applied?

MR. DiRUZZO: I don't have a problem with that, because at this point, United has nothing to hide. United has been monitored by the Marshal Service close to a decade now. So what's an additional two weeks, Your Honor? Not a big deal.

THE COURT: Or whatever.

MR. DiRUZZO: Or whatever period it is.

You know, and it's not going to, in the grand scheme of things, based on the amount of time that this case has been transpiring, I would say to use an accounting term, it's not going

to be material. So, United will agree to that.

Now, if the Court, you know, the one thing
I did hear from the Court, whether that would
require, for lack of a better term, an
amendment to the plea agreement. I don't think
it needs to be. If the Court has discomfort
that that change in the probationary period,
the additional two weeks, what have you, I
don't think that that, as a matter of course,
that perspective actually needs to carry a
date. But if the Court does have that
perspective, we could, as in me, government,
could agree that the term of the monitoring
could extend passed the term of probation.

So, in effect, if the Court were to start probation today, and the monitoring would begin on August 1st, then, the term of probation would terminate at 365 days from today, but the term of the monitoring would then extend an additional two weeks, or whatever time. But that's only if the Court comes to the conclusion that the plea agreement would need to be modified. I don't think the Court even needs to address, as Miss Hendrickson stated, you don't have to, you don't have to do that,

1 Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: Okay. And I take it that your 3 position is the same as Attorney Hendrickson's with regard to the individual defendants and 4 5 their involvement in this issue regarding an 6 extension of the probation period? 7 MR. DiRUZZO: Exactly. I can appreciate, 8 because United Corporation is an 1120 9 subchapter S corporation, it doesn't, per se, 10 pay income tax. It does pay gross receipt tax, 11 so I can understand why the government 12 fashioned the plea agreement in the way it did. 13 So that there was a way to hold United's feet 14 to the fire. And I would anticipate back to 15 the contemplation was that United Corporation 16 would file 1120s, issue K 1 to shareholders, and to shareholders take the K 1 to tax 17 18 returns. Those tax returns filed under BIR, 19 and taxes would be paid accordingly to the tax 20 profile of each individual shareholder who 21 received a K 1. That was my understanding. It 22 makes perfect sense when you look at it, just 23 the mechanics as 1120 K 1 as individual 24 taxpayer.

So, as far as where we stand today,

1	though, all the taxes have been paid. All the
2	tax returns have been filed up to and including
3	calendar year 2012. So, at this point, going
4	forward, the only outstanding year for the
5	individual shareholder defendants and for
6	United Corporation is calendar year 2013, which
7	obviously, we're still in. Tax filing
8	obligation has not yet come to pass. So as
9	we're standing here, all the individual
10	shareholders of United and United have complied
11	with all the obligations not only under the
12	plea agreement, but under the Internal Revenue
13	Code.
14	THE COURT: You said that's through 2012?
15	MR. DiRUZZO: Yes. United and
16	shareholders filed tax returns up through
17	calendar year 2012, my understanding.
18	THE COURT: And is that filed and paid?
19	MR. DiRUZZO: Yes. Filed, paid. They
20	we are expecting that the Virgin Islands Bureau
21	of Internal Revenue will give us some
22	documentation to that effect shortly. But,
23	notwithstanding that, that has yet to come to
24	pass. The fact of the matter is, United and
25	its shareholders is current. And all the tax

1	reporting	oblig	gations	and	tax	payment
2	obligation	s as	well.			

And with that, I don't believe I have anything else that I need to add. And I just would sum up that I believe that the Court can proceed to the 11(c)(1)(C) sentencing today.

There is nothing that would preclude. And Your Honor, this case has gone on for a long time.

At some point it needs to close. And I submit today is the day it needs to close.

MS. COLON: If I may be heard?

THE COURT: Attorney Colon.

MS. COLON: It seems that there is some rewriting of the plea agreement being done with the Court in its discussion today. The plea agreement does not address the individual defendants who are shareholders, which the language I'm hearing today, that those, both parties, government and United, would like this plea agreement applied. It did not refer, for example, on page eleven, section eleven, to individual shareholder defendants. It applied to all individual defendants, whether they were shareholders or not. And to say that this catchall phrase at the very bottom of the

1	paragraph was only to make sure that individual
2	shareholder defendants paid their taxes is not
3	what it says either. And if that's what the
4	government had intended, if that's what all of
5	the parties had intended, that's what it would
6	have said.

What it says that it is -- United acknowledges that it is a special condition of probation, that all taxes due and owing for the years of 2008 -- 2008 must be paid prior to the period of probation. So, to now handpick which defendants this applies to and which it doesn't, well, the plea agreement doesn't do that. It applies to all individual defendants. All of them.

However, I think I heard the government say, and I would certainly love to have confirmation of that, that it is the government's position, which necessarily includes VIBIR, that all individual defendants, and all individual shareholders, and United Corp. has paid all taxes through 2002 through 2008. And I would really like confirmation of that, because that would certainly alleviate my client's obligation for those years, if that is

1 the	agreement	that	the	government	has	reached.
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- 2 And if that's what VIBIR is saying, which I
- 3 think that's what I heard, and I just want to
- 4 make sure that that was accurate.

Now, with regard to the 6.5 million that

6 was recently paid, I guess we first need to

7 actually look at the TRO that was entered by

Judge Brady. And if you give me just a minute,

9 Your Honor, I believe that that's as Exhibit 3

10 to our submission from yesterday. And if you

look at the very last page of it, excuse me,

page seventeen, and at page eighteen, seventeen

is the conclusion, and page eighteen is the

14 actual order, the Court through -- well, Judge

Brady's order does not say day-to-day

16 management. Doesn't say anything remotely like

that.

18

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What it says is that there will be, the stores will be jointly managed, they will be jointly managing each store without unilateral action by either party. That's key. What United is trying to do here is unilaterally act on behalf of Plaza Extra stores in violation of this TRO in picking with the government, without Mr. Hamed, Mr. Mohammad Hamed's

1	involvement through his agent, a monitor, and
2	putting in place a compliance program. This
3	order prevents them from doing that, because
4	this order requires that there be no unilateral
5	action with regard to managing each store.
6	This says nothing about day-to-day, total
7	management.

And if you need further confirmation what
Judge Brady meant, go to the next order. No
funds will be disbursed from the supermarket
operating accounts without the mutual consent
of Hamed and Yusuf or their designated
representatives. Again, it couldn't be
clearer. This is not a simple day-to-day
matter. There are no funds, whether it's to
pay for capital improvement, land purchases, or
inventory, or payroll, nothing can be done
without joint approval. And, again --

MS. COLON: At page eighteen of eighteen of the opinion and order. And it's under the order section of Judge Brady's order. There are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 separate things that Judge Brady ordered. Starting, and I'm speaking now of the third order, which is at the top of the

THE COURT: Direct me to the page.

1	second	column,	with	regard	to	the	"no	funds
2	will be	disburs	sed."					

3 THE COURT: And the prior point?

MS. COLON: The one right below that, the order at the bottom of the first column, where it says, "that the operations of the three Plaza Extra Supermarket stores shall continue as they have throughout the years prior to this commencement of this litigation, with Hamed, or his designated representative, and Yusuf, or his designated representative, jointly managing each store, without unilateral action by either party, or representatives affecting the management, employees, methods, procedures and operations."

So it includes management, not just a matter of operations, and a monitor, and a compliance program goes to the heart of management. That's exactly what compliance and monitoring is about. It's about monitoring the management.

Then, the final order that's appropriate here, or that's relevant here, is the third, excuse me, the fourth order, again, on the second column. "All checks from Plaza Extra

1	Supermarket operating accounts will require two
2	signatures, one of the designated
3	representative of Hamed and the other of Yusuf
4	or a designated representative."
5	So, this very narrow view that they would
6	like you to adopt of Judge Brady's order simply
7	is not what he ordered. And be sure to
8	understand that Mr. Mohammad Hamed is not
9	saying that he's standing in the way with
10	whatever this Court has to have done. What
11	he's saying, he needs to be a part of it
12	because Judge Brady's order requires it.
13	THE COURT: Is there someplace in the
14	order, as I believe counsel for the government
15	indicated, where there is a reference to not
16	interfering with the matter that's going on
17	here in District Court?
18	MS. COLON: The Court acknowledged, I do
19	not believe it's in this it certainly is not
20	within the orders section, nor is it within the
21	conclusions section, but the Court did
22	acknowledge that it is aware of this ongoing
23	criminal litigation. Beyond that, I do not
24	agree. But it is and it certainly was not

anything that the Court ordered.

1	In fact, Court ordered, in my opinion,
2	exactly the opposite. The Court wants
3	Mr. Hamed and his interests to be protected and
4	maintain the status quo. And if the United
5	Corporation is going to be allowed to do that
6	unilaterally, in terms of who is going to be
7	monitoring, who is going to be approving
8	payments and not having payment, or what will
9	and will not be paid, who is going to be put in
10	the corporate compliance program as to who
11	reports to who, that prevents Mohammad Hamed
12	from the benefits that he has attained under
13	this restraining order, and that Judge Brady
14	was very clear on.
15	Now, in regard to that, Your Honor, the
16	6.5 million, I have a couple of things to say
17	about that. I did not hear counsel for United
18	address it, but counsel for the government did.
19	And she said that it was considered
20	restitution. I do not believe it is
21	restitution. Restitution would encompass any
22	amounts due and owing to the government within
23	the indictment years, and that's been
24	established that the ten million that was paid
25	back in 2011. This has nothing to do with

Τ	restitution. This was ongoing tax obligations
2	that continue to accrue, and will continue to
3	be paid. So if for any reason Your Honor is
4	going to calculate restitution for the purposes
5	of payment of any additional fine or cost
6	assessed against United, I certainly do not
7	believe that the 6.5 million be included within
8	the restitution calculation. So I didn't want
9	to make I did want to make that point.
10	THE COURT: Your position would then be
11	consistent with paragraph three of the
12	agreement that defines restitution?
13	MS. COLON: Yes. Exactly, Your Honor.
14	Exactly. And that's relevant why? Because,
15	again, if it's considered restitution, that
16	increases it potentially. If Your Honor
17	decides that it's an appropriate thing to do
18	here, an additional fee or expense or cost that
19	United might have to pay, and that, eventually
20	enters back to Mohammed Hamed, who is not here
21	to address that issue.
22	So, again, it impacts him, because he is
23	half owner of or partners in the profits and
24	the operation of Plaza Extra stores, or United

doing business as Plaza Extra. And he will be

1	impacted by that. If those kind of arguments
2	are made, and Your Honor does see fit to
3	determine that that restitution goes beyond
4	that \$10 million, or even that anything should
5	be tied to restitution, any additional costs or
6	expenses should be tied to restitution.
7	THE COURT: And how are you saying that
8	that will create additional costs?
9	MS. COLON: To Mr. Hamed?
10	THE COURT: Correct.
11	MS. COLON: Okay. If United is required
12	to pay a percentage of restitution towards
13	additional costs in this case and the 6.5
14	additional payments for United and its
15	individual their taxes that have come
16	through to 2012, first of all, the Court right
17	now has declared that Mr. Mohammad Hamed is
18	owner of half of the Plaza Extra interests, and
19	if those funds were used to pay that, I'm going
20	to get to that in a minute, because they were,
21	then that affects Mr. Mohammad.
22	And if additional funds have to be paid
23	because this is now considered restitution, on
24	top of paying the income taxes of the
25	individual defendants for funds that didn't

1	even relate to Plaza Extra income, in addition
2	to Plaza Extra income, then he now is
3	necessarily losing half of whatever that is.
4	For example, let's say, the Court order
5	\$100,000 in additional costs related to a
6	calculation of restitution, that fifty percent
7	of that is Mr. Hamed's money, according to
8	Judge Brady's ruling, and as it stands right
9	now, okay.
10	THE COURT: That would assume that the
11	Court is going to do something other than
12	what's set forth in the 11(c)(1)(C) plea?
13	MS. COLON: That is absolutely correct.
14	THE COURT: Or that would assume that the
15	Court will, will use the V.I. Code provision
16	that speaks about the 5 percent surcharge.
17	MS. COLON: That is correct.
18	THE COURT: So those would be the
19	situations that you're thinking of?
20	MS. COLON: Absolutely. That I'm aware
21	of. And I don't know if the Court could or
22	could not, would or would not go beyond that,
23	but it does affect Mr. Hamed. And that is my
24	point. And that is why, although the
25	government has argued that it's restitution,

1	and I belief Mr. DiRuzzo was silent on the	
2	issue, from my point of view, it is not	
3	restitution.	
4	Okay. And, I guess it doesn't matter if	
5	the Court isn't going to entertain that, but it	
6	does matter if the Court does wish to entertain	
7	that possibility under the V.I. Code.	
8	In addition to that	
9	THE COURT: Let me ask you something about	
10	this partnership issue. This is a criminal	
11	case that an indictment that was against United	
12	as a corporation	
13	MS. COLON: Correct.	
14	THE COURT: Is it your position that	
15	whatever may subsequently happen with respect	
16	to the structure of the entity that is now	
17	obviously in litigation in another court should	
18	then be incorporated into and made part and	
19	parcel of this plea agreement that was entered	
20	into pursuant to an indictment against the	
21	corporation?	
22	So let's assume that it's a partnership,	
23	which is what you're arguing, and, therefore,	
24	based on the current ruling, your client should	
25	have some input in what your client would not	

Ţ	otherwise have had an input in if the ruling
2	were otherwise, if it were as it was when this
3	agreement was entered, and negotiated, and
4	determined, is it the case, is it your position
5	that whatever relates to sort of partnership
6	now, because this issue is now afflux in court,
7	whatever relates to partnership not only with
8	respect to what your clients, what their input
9	might be, but in terms of knowing what
10	obligations a partnership might have as opposed
11	to a corporation automatically becomes part and
12	parcel of this agreement?
13	MS. COLON: That is not my position for a
14	couple of reasons.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Tell me how would you
16	distinguish my hypothetical to where you're
17	going with your position?
18	MS. COLON: Yes, ma'am. My client is
19	Willie or Waheed Hamed, and it's not a partner
20	with anybody. It is his father who is the
21	partner, at least as determined by Judge Brady
22	to date. And I personally, on behalf of
23	Mr. Hamed, Waheed Hamed, am not presenting a
24	position to this Court regarding partnership or
25	corporation or the entity's status at all.

1	What I'm saying is Judge Brady did that and
2	there is an order in place that is prohibiting
3	the specific requirements of his restraining
4	order to be implemented if this Court does not
5	acknowledge that there's got to be, there must
6	be a role for Mohammad Hamed.
7	THE COURT: So Waheed and Waleed are not
8	partners?
9	MS. COLON: No. Waleed is in a slightly
10	different position.
11	THE COURT: Let's focus on Waheed first.
12	MS. COLON: Yes. And Waleed is not my
13	client, but I believe he's in a different
14	position. Waheed is not a partner.
15	THE COURT: Not a partner?
16	MS. COLON: No.
17	THE COURT: So the interest that he's
18	advancing now is not his?
19	MS. COLON: That's true, but as an officer
20	of this Court, it is my obligation to make sure
21	that Your Honor is aware and has considered
22	another Court's ruling that I believe directly
23	impacts what this Court will do.
24	THE COURT: Understood. And I appreciate,
25	I appreciate your bringing it to the Court's

1	attention. But, I guess, my question is that
2	the argument that you are now raising, the
3	interest that you are now advancing, you don't
4	have a standing to advance, do you?

MS. COLON: As to the selection of the monitor, and the compliance program, Waheed does not directly have an interest, no. I am advising the Court, I think Waleed is in a different position, because he is Mohammad's designated agent, so he has an interest as Mohammad's interest agent, but Waheed, my client, is neither a partner nor a designated agent, at this point.

THE COURT: All right. So that answers my first question. You can go ahead now and answer the hypothetical with respect to how this aspect of the ruling becomes incorporated into what the Court is doing in a plea agreement for sentencing of a corporation that existed as a corporation at the time of the criminal activity, and how that, why that should be incorporated at this point, and how you would distinguish between incorporating that and anything else?

MS. COLON: I belief that the Court can

Τ	certainly sentence the corporation, and can
2	move forward with regard to that, but where the
3	corporation has input into anything that
4	relates to the sentencing, for example, the
5	selection of the monitor, or the selection and
6	the placement of a corporate compliance
7	program, United cannot do that standing alone,
8	because it's not permitted to do so under Judge
9	Brady's order, as it relates to the Plaza Extra
10	stores.
11	THE COURT: So, are you saying that the
12	Court cannot impose a sentence, it requires
13	United undertake the particular types of
14	actions that are on the table right now, that
15	is, to appoint a monitor, that is, to come up
16	with an ethics and compliance program?
17	MS. COLON: I'm not saying
18	THE COURT: The Court is precluded from
19	doing that?
20	MS. COLON: I'm not saying that at all. I
21	think the Court must do, under the plea
22	agreement, and just under general sentencing
23	provisions for corporation, but I believe
24	because of Judge Brady's order, the Court must
25	also say to United, and anything that you are

1	going to offer must be offered jointly between
2	United Corporation and Mohammad Hamed or his
3	agent. In other words, United Corporation is
4	not just United Corporation any more.
5	THE COURT: So this Court should enter an
6	order that requires United to consult with the
7	Hameds in satisfying the terms of this
8	agreement, that's your position?
9	MS. COLON: Yes. And that Judge Brady's
10	order compels that, requires that.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MS. COLON: With regard to that \$6.5
13	million, those funds, I think we have it
14	attached as an exhibit, perhaps it's not an
15	exhibit, but those funds, Your Honor, were paid
16	by a, my understanding is, those funds that
17	were paid, were paid out of a profit account
18	for Plaza Extra, one that would have, and
19	should have been controlled by Judge Brady's
20	TRO. And that they were paid unilaterally
21	without Mr. Mohammad Hamed's approval.
22	Now, it is not Mr. Mohammad's intent to
23	slow this up at all, or to prevent IRB from
24	getting paid. And, in fact, after the fact,
25	even though it was done in violation of the

1 TRO, Mr. Mohammed validated that payment.

2 However, that was because the agreement 3 encompassed paying everybody's outstanding 4 taxes through United Corporation, and it was 5 anticipated, which is why we went through the 6 exact same procedure, that Willie Hamed and 7 Wally Hamed's outstanding taxes, which we 8 thought were \$315,000, perhaps it's less now if 9 the government is saying they're paid and 10 square with IRB through 2008, but at that point 11 we were covering all of 2002 through 2012, ten 12 years of taxes for two individuals. And it was 13 clearly anticipated through the plea agreement 14 itself, and through what actually happened that 15 United, the profits count for Plaza Extra 16 that's handling United name would be paying for 17 everybody's taxes, and Mohammad Hamed would not 18 have ratified or validated that inappropriate, 19 illegal, and in violation of the TRO payment of 20 the 6.5 but for the fact that two things: 21 did not wish to disturb this proceeding, and he 22 did not wish to interfere with the VIBIR 23 getting paid. And, of course, there was going 24 to be a like payment on behalf of his children 25 for their taxes.

1	THE COURT: Where does it say in the			
2	agreement that it was, that it was contemplated			
3	that United was paying the taxes for all the			
4	individuals?			
5	MS. COLON: Because if United doesn't,			
6	does not well, because United did			
7	acknowledge that it was a special condition of			
8	probation that all of those payments would be			
9	made. And just as counsel for the			
10	government			
11	THE COURT: But where does it say that			
12	United would pay?			
13	MS. COLON: It was the catchall. And as			
14	counsel for the government said, in case the			
15	individuals didn't pay, that's what her			
16	catchall was so that United would be			
17	responsible.			
18	THE COURT: No. That's not what I			
19	understood her to say. I understood her to say			
20	that it was a catchall that United was			
21	responsible to make sure that it was paid, but			
22	I thought she specifically said that where she			
23	disagreed with you was that there was no			
24	contemplation that you, or nothing providing			
25	that United was the entity that was going to be			

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Τ	payıng.

- MS. COLON: I think where she disagreed

  with me was that United was going to make sure

  that this only referred to any income derived

  from the Plaza Extra stores or from United, but

  that's not what this says.
- 7 THE COURT: Hold on for one second.
- 8 Attorney Hendrickson.

Am I mistaken in terms of what you said?

MS. HENDRICKSON: No, Your Honor. And I

think if I misspoke, let me clarify now. When
I was talking about the individual defendants,
I agree with Miss Colon, they were required to
pay, file their taxes, and to pay. They were
part of the condition of probation as the Court
just stated. The government wanted to make
sure there was leverage so United would make
sure everybody paid whether it was the
shareholders or whether it was the individual
defendants. We agree on that.

The difference is the VIBIR participated in the mediation, and through the mediation, made arrangements with the individual defendants. And so the government's point is not that they don't owe money. I think they do

Τ.	owe the \$315,000, or whatever Mr. Andreozzi
2	said they owe. Government's point that there
3	is no agreement that United was to pay that.
4	That was not an agreement out of the mediation.
5	So, I think the only issue is whether the
6	corporate sentencing can take place today. And
7	so the government's position was, since the
8	individual defendants Waheed Hamed and Waleed
9	Hamed have had negotiations with the BIR, and
10	they are happy with the procedure, that it no
11	longer requires the Court or the United States
12	government oversight to make sure that that
13	money gets paid.
14	THE COURT: Let me ask you this, to make
15	sure I understand. You said because VIBIR
16	appeared in these mediations and there were
17	these agreements with the individual
18	defendants, that is not to say that they don't
19	owe additional monies, but it's not the case
20	that United is responsible for those payments,
21	correct?
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And during the
23	mediation, the government said it would not
24	oppose the Hameds asking United to pay.
25	THE COURT: Right, I understand that.

Ţ	MS. HENDRICKSON: But recognizing that was
2	United's decision.
3	THE COURT: Let me take you back before
4	the mediation to the plea agreement. What was
5	the contemplation in the plea agreement, where
6	it says, United acknowledges that a special
7	condition of probation will require that all
8	corporate returns be filed, and all amounts due
9	and owing under this agreement and all taxes
10	due and owing for tax years 2002 through 2008
11	must be paid prior to the termination of the
12	period of probation.
13	I thought you said that was not intended
14	to say that United was going to be paid for it
15	Did I misunderstand you?
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: No, I did say did not
17	intend. Did not say that United was going to
18	pay for it, which was in 2010, that might have
19	been the expectation. But I think the other
20	issue is
21	THE COURT: Sorry, hold on. You did say?
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: Sorry. That may have
23	been their expectation, but not known to the
24	government in 2010, when everybody was

collaborating and there was a joint defense

1	agreement. They may have had some expectation
2	about whether United would pay it or not. I
3	have no personal knowledge of that.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. HENDRICKSON: Part of the plea
6	agreement.
7	THE COURT: What the Court is interested
8	in knowing is what the plea agreement calls
9	for. And your understanding of the plea
10	agreement was that there was nothing in it with
11	regard to United being responsible for paying
12	those?
13	MS. HENDRICKSON: Correct. And I agree
14	with Miss Colon, that in here, it was
15	contemplated that if Waleed or Waheed had not
16	payed their taxes, that would be something the
17	government would be following up with United,
18	because they were working there. So I'm not
19	we're not disputing that part, but the
20	additional fact since this agreement was
21	negotiated in February 2010 is we've had two
22	mediation sessions, and we've had agreements
23	with the BIR that encompass the taxes. So from
24	the government's perspective, those addendum

and the mediation and the agreements the BIR

recently reached last month with the individual defendants satisfies this portion of the plea agreement.

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THE COURT: Well, you know, you know, this all makes it a little confusing for the Court to be quite honest with you, because I'm looking at the language, and I'm trying to understand what it is the Court is supposed to be entering into in terms of a sentence, and it seems like the goalpost appeared to be moving depending on whether you're looking at it from the 2010 perspective, or whether you're looking at it from what was mediated, or when the VIBIR came in. And I'm not sure I understand what it is specifically that the government and United is asking the Court to, in fact, impose. And what the Court's understanding should be of whether everything that is supposed to happen, as a precursor to the sentencing, or as part of the probationary period, is being done or has been done or will be done. And that's what I'm trying to figure out. Where exactly are we?

I mean, in the position of Attorney Colon is that there was this \$315,000 that has been approved by the marshal for release that has

1	not been paid, and that she's contending should
2	have been paid. But I'm hearing from your
3	perspective that everything that was supposed
4	to have been paid under the agreement has, in
5	fact, been paid. I'm not sure which it is,
6	quite frankly.
7	MS. HENDRICKSON: Okay. I think let me
8	try to clarify. The issue regarding the
9	payment, the primary concern, not the only
10	concern, the primary concern was that all of
11	the profits from United would be reported and
12	the income tax would be paid. Okay. That's
13	the primary concern. And that issue has been
14	dealt with.
15	There also was the requirement for two
16	individual defendants, because they were
17	defendants in the case, and made a lot of money
18	in 1996 through 2001. That's why they were
19	charged individually, that they also in return
20	for getting their case dismissed, come current
21	with their taxes.
22	THE COURT: So that's the individual
23	defendants?

with the closing agreement in 2011, the first

MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. So just as we did

1	one, the BIR didn't require the individual
2	defendants to pay or to file all their
3	individual income tax returns. The BIR and the
4	United States did not require the individual
5	defendants to pay one dollar. We all agreed
6	\$10 million would be paid in full satisfaction.
7	So the government's position today is that
8	while they are required to pay, that since they
9	have met with the BIR and there is a process in
10	place that it's not incumbent upon the Court or
11	the United States anymore to make sure that
12	gets paid.
13	THE COURT: But it's not the \$10 million,
14	\$10 million is not the total amount though,
15	because it's now sixteen and a half.
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: I'm saying for purposes
17	of procedure.
18	THE COURT: Right. Okay.
19	MS. HENDRICKSON: In 2011, when we
20	negotiated that the resolution of the years at
21	issue in the indictment 1996 through 2001.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MS. HENDRICKSON: Instead of requiring, as
24	it says here, that, or I should go back to the
25	other paragraph. Okay. Going back to page

1	four of the plea agreement, the paragraph three
2	that talks about restitution and by the way,
3	to Miss Colon's point about restitution being
4	limited to the '96 through 2001, I was
5	answering the Court's question more generally,
6	but if the Court was asking more specifically
7	restitution versus other money to be required
8	to pay under the plea agreement, I agree
9	restitution is '96 through 2001.

So looking at paragraph three, though, it says that restitution will be paid for all of those years that we're going to argue about it, brief it, the Court can decide. That didn't happen. What we ended up doing was having additional mediation, and then getting a resolution that \$10 million would be accepted by the BIR in full payment for every individual including the individual defendants for all individual shareholders and for United shareholder corporation.

So the point is, we can do the same thing with the later years that we did then. We agreed to take a certain amount. It didn't comply exactly with the terms of the plea agreement. That's why we filed the addendum

1	and said for purposes of this plea agreement,
2	this section has been complied with. And the
3	government's point right now is to say that for
4	this language on page eleven, because United at
5	least the profit and the tax on United
6	operations has been paid, and because
7	individual defendants have negotiated with the
8	BIR and have a process in place that fulfills
9	that, it's agreed that taxes not paid right
10	now. But since this is a case that's been
11	complicated by the civil litigation since the
12	BIR participated in the mediation and when
13	those returns get filed, then, they have three
14	years, they can try collect the money that it
15	need not hold up this criminal case of a
16	corporate guilty plea.
17	THE COURT: So why isn't that, what you
18	have just said, a change to this agreement?
19	MS. HENDRICKSON: I don't
20	THE COURT: Because the agreement in 2010,
21	on page eleven, in addition to the and I
22	understand the \$5,000 fine, the \$10 million
23	agreement that United will pay back the VIBIR
24	for restitution as set forth in specific
25	paragraphs in the agreement, and then United

1	will pay 1 million as a substantial monetary
2	penalty, correct?
3	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
4	THE COURT: I understand that point. You
5	said that was the agreement that you would
6	accept that in full and complete satisfaction
7	of everything that was due in the agreement.
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
9	THE COURT: I'm saying, what about 2002 to
10	2008, which is in section eleven of the
11	agreement, which is not referenced in the plea
12	agreement addendum, but it still seems to Court
13	as I read this, and I read this meaning the
14	original plea agreement, and I read the plea
15	agreement addendum, it seems that the plea
16	agreement addendum deals with certain portions
17	of the agreement, but it doesn't deal with
18	section eleven. So as I read the two
19	documents, it looks to me like section eleven
20	is still to be resolved. Then I read what was
21	filed more recently, the second addendum, and
22	it seemed as though the second addendum was
23	intended to resolve section eleven of the

original plea agreement, because it refers to

2002 through 2006, and, in fact, it

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1	specifically says, part eleven of the plea
2	agreement of United Corporation to do X, Y, Z.
3	MS. HENDRICKSON: Right.
4	THE COURT: So seems to me in reading the
5	three documents, the first document set out the
6	entirety of what was to be done, the second
7	document, the second addendum, sorry, the first
8	addendum, plea agreement/addendum, dealt with a
9	portion of what was to be done under the
10	original agreement.
11	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
12	THE COURT: And refers to those specific
13	sections of the agreement. And then plea
14	agreement second addendum deals with the rest
15	of what was to be done, which specifically
16	refers to section eleven. And as I read
17	section eleven, it speaks to taxes for the
18	years 2002 through 2008, and it speaks to
19	United taxes, and it speaks to the taxes for
20	the individual defendants that are required to
21	be due, that are required to be paid. And it

So I was reading this second addendum as dealing with that particular provision of the agreement.

says all taxes due and owing to those years.

1	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
2	THE COURT: So I guess I don't understand
3	how we are now at the point where the argument
4	is well, the \$10 million was really intended to
5	deal with everything in the agreement, and then
6	we had this other mediation where VIBIR came
7	in, and they entered into separate agreements
8	with the individual defendants and then we got
9	\$6.5 million more. So we've now agreed that
10	that satisfies everything and the \$315,000 is
11	for Attorney Colon's clients to deal with
12	United however they choose?
13	MS. HENDRICKSON: Well, I think the
14	important distinction is the first agreement
15	dealt with 1996 through 2001. Those were the
16	years at issue in the criminal case.
17	THE COURT: Tell me, then, what does
18	section eleven of that first agreement do?
19	Because that deals with 2002 through 2008.
20	MS. HENDRICKSON: Okay. Are you asking me
21	if the first plea agreement addendum impacts
22	paragraph eleven?
23	THE COURT: No. I'm asking you, I
24	understood you to say that the first agreement
25	dealt with the years of the indictment 1996 to

2001, and I'm saying I see a section eleven in
the first agreement that speaks to other taxes
that are due from 2002 to 2008.
MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
THE COURT: So how is that separated from
the first plea agreement entered into by the
parties?
MS. HENDRICKSON: It's not separated. The
second addendum addresses paragraph eleven in
the agreement.
THE COURT: Correct. But paragraph eleven
was always part of the plea agreement, from the
outset, correct?
MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
THE COURT: Okay. So, there was 1996 to
2001, that was dealt with in the beginning
part, the restitution, under paragraph three of
section three. And there was a section eleven
that dealt with 2002 to 2008.
MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
THE COURT: So the entirety of the
agreement dealt with 1996 to 2008?
MS. HENDRICKSON: Correct.
THE COURT: Okay. The first addendum to

that agreement dealt with 1996 to 2001?

1	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And the point I
2	was trying to make was as a result of the plea
3	agreement addendum, the Hameds individually did
4	not have to pay anything. So if they had stock
5	sales, if they had all kinds of income, '96
6	through 2001, they didn't have to pay a dime.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: The government and the
9	BIR agreed to reach a resolution that \$10
10	million would be accepted for payment of all
11	corporate taxes, individual income taxes, that
12	would include taxes on the profit of United,
13	would include any other taxes for any other
14	source.
15	THE COURT: Individually?
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: Individual.
17	THE COURT: Everything.
18	MS. HENDRICKSON: Complete pass.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MS. HENDRICKSON: So my point is, taking
21	that framework, that procedural framework,
22	then, that is what we are trying to do for the
23	second addendum, to say this paragraph eleven
24	required returns to be filed and tax to be
25	paid, which was in '96 to 2001 money had to be

paid, it was resolved with the addendum.

So the government's position is that the mediation and the dealing of the Hameds with the BIR and having that process fulfills this part, even though their individual income taxes are not paid, because the BIR has procedures that they can go collect that money, they can negotiate with the Hameds and decide whether they owe any money or not. The BIR has complete discretion to do that.

So for purposes of saying United

Corporation on a United Corporation guilty

plea, in the mediation, as you heard, and while

we're talking about it, United would not agree

to pay the Hameds' taxes, that was a deal

breaker. So, the best we could do is try to

get each party to talk to the BIR individually

and come up to their own arrangement.

So in the government's position that complies with this paragraph, because the whole point was for everyone to get current on their taxes to file or to enter into a closing agreement, so this Court should not have to wait when the BIR has made arrangements with the individual defendants to sentence United

Τ	corporation. It's between the BIR and the
2	individual defendants whether they owe
3	\$315,000. I mean, counsel for the Hameds may
4	be able to go back and talk to them and
5	negotiate to a lower amount. The government's
6	point is that's not something that the
7	government and the Court need to be involved
8	with.
9	THE COURT: So, in other words, the first
10	agreement is different from the second one?
11	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. But the whole
12	point of the entire plea agreement was get
13	United Corporation individual shareholders and
14	individual defendants caught up in their taxes
15	for '96 through 2008 whether it was, it was
16	through filing and paying tax, or working
17	something out with the BIR. That has happened
18	We should proceed.
19	THE COURT: And the language that says,
20	make full payments, the Court should ignore?
21	Where it says, the individual defendants shall
22	file the outstanding returns and reporting
23	documents and shall make full payments of the
24	amounts due thereupon, the Court should ignore
25	that?

1	MS. HENDRICKSON: To the extent any
2	payments are due, they can be a condition of
3	probation. We can follow with the BIR and find
4	out what happens with the Hameds. The
5	government's point is that should not hold up
6	the corporate sentencing hearing.
7	THE COURT: So the Court should ignore the
8	part that says prior to the sentencing hearing?
9	MS. HENDRICKSON: Well, again, I think,
10	taking the whole paragraph into context at the
11	end, it was supposed to be paid prior to the
12	termination of the probation. Now, most of it
13	has been paid prior to. So, United is still
14	going to be on probation for a year, and the
15	government can be in contact with the BIR to
16	find out, do the Hameds owe money? Are they
17	paying the money? Is there some agreement that
18	can be reached?
19	If the Hameds and BIR agree that they can
20	pay \$10,000 and the tax obligations are
21	satisfied, we don't have any role in that.
22	It's between the BIR and the Hameds. But
23	before this paragraph was written, we had no
24	idea what was going on. Now we know they're

talking, there are returns that have been

Τ	prepared, and there is a dollar amount,
2	apparently, that's owed.
3	So the only issue is how that gets paid.
4	Now, in light of the civil litigation, that's a
5	big issue. And the government's position is
6	that's one the Court should not intrude on.
7	Let me grab Judge Brady's order. If I just
8	find the paragraph that applied to that,
9	paragraph thirty seven, page eight of eighteen,
10	does the Court have that?
11	THE COURT: Yes.
12	MS. HENDRICKSON: By saying "A restraining
13	order was entered by the District Court in the
14	criminal action which remains in place." And
15	if you go to the very end of that paragraph at
16	the top of the next page, it says, "This Court
17	cannot enforce the restraining order or
18	otherwise control any aspect of the criminal
19	action or its disposition."
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MS. HENDRICKSON: So it's the government's
22	position that the second addendum, the
23	mediation that Judge Barnard helped us with was
2.4	a way to try to bring this case to a resolution

in light of all these other issues that were

1	occurring, and we think that was a fair
2	resolution, and the Court should proceed.
3	MS. COLON: If I may respond, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Yes.
5	MS. COLON: There was always an agreement
6	that United would be paying for everybody's
7	taxes. Now, it's true, as Attorney DiRuzzo
8	pointed out that, in essence, creates more
9	income to the individual whose taxes paid, and
10	I'm sure the users have acknowledged that, and
11	will acknowledge that in their 2013 taxes, and
12	I'm sure have done so all along. But why do we
13	know that that agreement was in place? Two
14	reasons. One, the probation requirement in the
15	plea agreement was there to ensure that if the
16	individual defendants didn't pay, Plaza
17	Extra excuse me, United Corporation would.
18	That's the whole purpose.
19	Now, initially, counsel for the government
20	agreed with that proposition, but only to the
21	extent that it applied to the individual
22	defendants who were shareholders, or
23	shareholders who were not defendants, but not
24	as to the two Hameds. That's not true. It

applies to everybody.

Then when you take a look at the first addendum, the \$10 million pays everybody's taxes, the individual defendants, United, and United shareholders. It pays everybody's taxes from 1996 through 2001. Including Willie Hamed; including Wally Hamed. Willie Hamed and Wally Hamed did not contribute individually to that payment. The United Corporation paid the entire amount, because that was always the agreement. United Corporation was going to be paying this. And, of course, the government wanted that, because everybody else's assets were restrained. Nobody else had access to their assets. The only place the fund could have come from was United. That's what always was contemplated.

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Now, they have a new agreement that addresses part eleven, which involves my clients, and they want a new addendum to the agreement that addresses part eleven, but they want it without his signature. And the original plea agreement prohibits that. They want it both ways. They don't want my client to be involved or a party to the change to the agreement, but they want him still to be liable

for any taxes under that section of the
agreement. And I don't think they could have
it both ways.

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If VIBIR and the United States are going to say that Waleed, excuse me, Waleed and Waheed do not owe any taxes from 2002 to 2012, and that this second addendum covers them, just like it covers all the other individual defendants, and all the other shareholders and United, then I don't have a problem with it. But I'm not hearing that. I'm hearing we still owe the taxes, but we don't have any right to say anything about the second addendum in the agreement, because it doesn't involve us. does it not involve us? Our taxes are still being considered due and owing under that same section. Not under some outstanding agreement that may or may not have occurred with BIR. The other alternative is for them to be paid. The Marshals have already approved it. agreement that was always in place for these taxes was that United would pay. And that's demonstrated by the fact they did pay. paid \$10 million and that covered everybody. No individual contributed to that.

1	MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, may I make a
2	point?
3	THE COURT: Very briefly. And then I will
4	come to you in a moment, Attorney Andreozzi.
5	MS. HENDRICKSON: In February 2011, United
6	agreed to pay for everyone. In June of 2013,
7	United did not agree. But the Hameds owe taxes
8	every year, whether or not there is a criminal
9	case involved. So, the only distinction, I
10	mean the benefit they get from that second
11	addendum is the United States government does
12	not care and is not going to follow up on what
13	you do with your taxes for 2002 through 2008.
14	So the benefit they get is, it's not part of
15	the criminal case any more. It was in the
16	original plea agreement, we would have followed
17	up to say did you pay for taxes for 2002, 2003,
18	2004, 2005? We're saying based on the
19	mediation now, the BIR is going to handle that,
20	so the benefit to the defendants is that that
21	is now not going to be overseen by the
22	government. The government can't control
23	whether United is going to pay or not.
24	THE COURT: But isn't The Government of
25	the Virgin Islands a party to this criminal

1	action?
2	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
3	THE COURT: So how is it that the U.S.
4	government isn't going to follow up with
5	respect to whether these taxes are due and
6	owing, but the V.I. government can follow up
7	with respect to what is due and owing?
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: In a civil process, not
9	as part of the criminal case. So, for example,
10	in a typical criminal tax case, if we were in
11	probation six months from now, and I called
12	somebody from the VIBIR, and they told me that
13	Waheed Hamed did not file any tax returns,
14	wouldn't reply phone calls, didn't meet with
15	them, I would be filing a motion with the Court
16	saying we have to have a hearing, and have
17	United come in to explain why Mr. Hamed hasn't
18	filed his returns and won't cooperate with the
19	BIR. But that has been taken care of by the
20	process.
21	MS. COLON: Except payment.
22	MS. HENDRICKSON: Except payment. Agreed.
23	But we can't get them two separate issues.
24	One, is the government going to follow up on
25	whether they pay? The United States government

Τ	is not going to do that through part of the
2	criminal case, which it originally was in the
3	agreement.
4	THE COURT: Yeah, but the first plea
5	agreement that you had was the plea agreement
6	that was agreed by all the parties, right?
7	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
8	THE COURT: The individual defendants were
9	a part of that as well?
10	MS. HENDRICKSON: But I'm saying in
11	February of 2010, it was never stated that
12	United was going to pay all taxes due under
13	this plea agreement. It was never stated.
14	Now, it may have been an understanding that
15	they had, in fact, in February of 2011, well,
16	that was negotiated, July of 2011, when the \$10
17	million payment was made, United did agree to
18	pay for everyone. But now
19	THE COURT: So you're saying that that
20	agreement was separate and apart from the
21	original agreement? In other words, you had an
22	agreement that didn't contemplate who was going
23	to pay, and then in 2011
24	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
25	THE COURT: United decided they would

1	pay. And in 2013, decided they wouldn't pay?
2	MS. HENDRICKSON: Correct. In 2010,
3	government just said, this is how much, these
4	are the years that need to be filed, and these
5	are the years that need to be paid. There was
6	no understanding in February 2010 who was going
7	to pay that.
8	Now, the fact that it happened in
9	February 2011, the government just agreed with
10	all of the parties and the BIR \$10 million
11	would be accepted as full payment. Government
12	didn't care whether 8 million came from United
13	and the other \$2 million came from the
14	individual defendants. That was not the
15	government's concern. That's the point now, it
16	should not be the Court's concern.
17	The fact that the United won't pay for the
18	Hameds, that is a separate issue. In February
19	of 2011, yes, they paid for everyone's. Now,
20	in June, July of 2013, United does not agree to
21	pay, but the Hameds, as taxpayers, are legally
22	obligated to report income and pay taxes
23	whether or not they're part of a criminal case.
24	THE COURT: But isn't there another issue

separate and apart from who is going to pay?

1	Aren't we ending up with a situation wherein
2	there was an agreement clearly that all taxes
3	would be paid, correct, initially? All taxes?
4	MS. HENDRICKSON: In the agreement?
5	THE COURT: Yes. For 1996 to 2001, and
6	then pursuant to section eleven, 2002 to 2008.
7	MS. HENDRICKSON: That all taxes would be
8	paid by the end of the term of United's
9	probation, yes.
10	THE COURT: Well, actually, it was, that's
11	a failsafe.
12	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
13	THE COURT: But it was supposed to be paid
14	prior to sentencing.
15	MS. HENDRICKSON: Right.
16	THE COURT: And then, as you indicated,
17	United was there was this provision that the
18	government had as a benefit to it to make sure
19	that, in fact, the payments were made.
20	MS. HENDRICKSON: Right.
21	THE COURT: But the understanding was, it
22	was going to be paid, all taxes were going to
23	be paid as part of the agreement.
24	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. And frankly,
25	because United won't pay now, because there is

Ţ	a civil litigation, we understand that's why
2	the Hameds have not paid. So, they should not
3	be harmed in the criminal case for not paying,
4	because there's been a falling out there.
5	THE COURT: Okay. But the agreement was
6	that all taxes would be paid?
7	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
8	THE COURT: The government has now decided
9	that it is agreeing to accept something short
10	of all?
11	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
12	THE COURT: Right?
13	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
14	THE COURT: And the remainder is left for
15	the Hameds to take care of however they can?
16	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Just as it may
17	have been, there may have been two or three
18	defendants who hadn't paid, two or three United
19	shareholders hasn't paid, and we would have
20	been dealing with this over the course of the
21	one-year probation. We didn't expect it to be,
22	all be resolved today. At the time of
23	sentencing we contemplated that and hoped that
24	would be the case, but put it in that language,
25	because we knew that things happen, and that

1	may not have occurred.
2	THE COURT: So from your perspective, now,
3	whatever VIBIR does with respect to these
4	additional payments that are due, or appears is
5	due, is between VIBIR and the Hameds?
6	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. We're saying the
7	government's position is that they should not
8	be harmed in the criminal case because there's
9	been a falling out between the Hameds and the
10	Yusufs.
11	THE COURT: Understood. And I think
12	that's that's clear. The Court's concern,
13	though, is that at the outset there seem to be
14	an agreement between all parties when all
15	parties were on board, when all parties signed
16	onto the initial plea agreement, there seemed
17	to be an agreement that all would be paid. And
18	now we're at the
19	MS. HENDRICKSON: By the end of probation.
20	But like I say, right now, we're saying that
21	BIR now is speaking with counsel or if
22	Mr. Andreozzi was involved with the
23	representatives of BIR and they have a process
24	in place now, there is nothing stopping the

BIR, Mr. Andreozzi from negotiating, going over

1	the returns that have filed, the BIR in light
2	of the circumstances could say, okay, just give
3	us 5,000 and we'll call it even. They have
4	that complete power.
5	So, the benefit that they're trying to get
6	right now is to say under the plea agreement in
7	February of 2010, United was obligated to pay
8	their taxes. That's not what the plea
9	agreement said. That's our point. That that
10	may have been an understanding, and in
11	February in July of 2011, that was the case,
12	but it's not the case now. And that should not
13	hold up the resolution of the corporate
14	sentencing.
15	THE COURT: Meanwhile, the government,
16	from the government's perspective, when we're
17	talking about the government, we're talking
18	about V.I. government, and the U.S.
19	government
20	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
21	THE COURT: has decided to take less
22	than all?
23	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes. Because it's not
24	the Hameds' fault that there was this falling

out in the interim between the first addendum

1	and where we are today.
2	(A brief recess was taken.)
3	THE COURT: Attorney Andreozzi.
4	MR. ANDREOZZI: Thank you, Your Honor. To
5	address Attorney Hendrickson's point, first,
6	she indicated that the plea agreement didn't
7	contemplate for the years '96 to '01 that
8	Waleed and Waheed Hamed, their taxes, because
9	they didn't know whether there would be
10	dividends, et cetera. The returns were already
11	filed, but the indictment in the case involved
12	taxes owing by Waleed Hamed and Waheed Hamed.
13	The plea agreement absolved them of any
14	liability for those, any counts of the
15	indictment for those. It addressed, the \$10
16	million paid was, was a restitution figure that
17	it resolved for the liability for all of the
18	individual taxpayers. And so they did owe
19	under the indictment and the plea contemplates
20	that.
21	She then changed it and said that the plea
22	contemplates it, because it says all taxes
23	paid, it contemplates all individual
24	defendants, but that the mediation session on
25	July, June 19th changed that, and it, it

1	changed it to individual, some individual
2	restitutions from the individual defendants,
3	case by case.

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The problem with that is, United Corporation came into the mediation with its \$6,586,132 check. That was the precise amount to pay the tax liabilities for the Yusuf taxpayers all the way through to whatever it was, 2010. They came to the mediation with that check. It was already calculated. And the Marshal Service authorized release of that check on June 14th, a few days before the mediation. So the checks were cut per the plea agreement. And if the checks are cut to pay, I would assume that they're for the precise tax liabilities on the returns as filed by the individuals. If those checks were cut and paid per the plea agreement for those individuals, all we're saying is that it should also be per the terms of the plea agreement paid for the other two individuals that are remaining, Waleed Hamed and Waheed Hamed.

Miss Hendrickson admits that the terms of the plea agreement are there to ensure that the amounts of tax owing for those out years are

1	paid before, before United is released from the
2	probation. It's a hook to make sure that
3	United makes good and pays those taxes. It
4	can't pay those taxes for some and not for all.
5	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
6	MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, may I make
7	one brief point?
8	MS. COLON: I had not finished, Your
9	Honor.
10	THE COURT: Okay. I will allow Attorney
11	Hendrickson to go, and Attorney Colon, you can
12	go after.
13	MS. COLON: Thank you.
14	MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, the hook of
15	the condition of probation was that so there
16	would be leverage United could exert over the
17	individual defendants. It was not that United
18	would pay. The government didn't care who
19	paid. The government wanted to make sure it
20	was paid.
21	Since the Hameds were working for United,
22	let's say, well, the probation starts six
23	months later, we find out the Hameds aren't
24	filing, and they haven't paid the taxes they're
25	supposed to pay, then the government, under the

1	terms of the plea agreement, could go to United
2	and say, why aren't they paying? And if you're
3	paying them a salary, you need to garner it and
4	start taking that money right now. So that
5	would be the kind of leverage that the
6	government would have expected to exert if the
7	payments weren't made by the individual
8	defendants. There was no anticipation, at the
9	time, that United would pay the tax liabilities
10	of everyone included in the plea agreement.
11	MS. COLON: If I may, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Yes. Attorney Colon.
13	MS. COLON: The expectation, and the
14	promise from United was that they would pay
15	everybody's tax liability, and they did, up
16	through 2001, when they paid that \$10 million
17	payment. The hook was to make sure that United
18	paid if no one else paid. And that United
19	stuck to their agreement to pay. Because
20	nobody else here is on probation, only United
21	is going to be on probation. And it is a term
22	of the condition of probation. They cannot be
23	released from probation unless all taxes are
24	paid under the agreement. That is what was

contemplated. That is what was put in place.

1 And that's the reason it was put in place.

2 Now, the reason that the Hameds agreed is 3 because they had reliance on that. They knew 4 that if United reneged on their agreement to 5 pay the individual tax, which they had agreed 6 to do, then, under the plea agreement, they'd 7 be stuck with it as a condition of probation. 8 And now they want to change that, where the 9 Hameds relied on their condition, relied on 10 their provision of the agreement. And they 11 want to change it without giving the Hameds 12 benefit for clearing their taxes, saying, 13 you're right, they don't want anything else, 14 and taking that protection that they had, that 15 they could rely on, United being stuck, 16 ultimately having to pay their taxes if they 17 couldn't, because United had originally agreed 18 to pay them, because it would be in United's 19 best interest if they wanted to get off 20 probation to pay everything. And that was what 21 was contemplated by everyone. And you can't 22 change that without their signatures. The plea 23 agreement says that. 24 THE COURT: But would you agree, though,

Attorney Colon, that there is nothing in here

1	that says that United is responsible for paying
2	the taxes, wouldn't you?
3	MS. COLON: I there is nothing that
4	says it explicitly like that, but ultimately
5	they were responsible, because ensuring payment
6	was going to be a condition of their probation.
7	THE COURT: They were responsible for
8	ensuring that the payments were made at the end
9	of the day?
10	MS. COLON: Right. And Waheed and Waleed
11	might not have been working for them.
12	THE COURT: Or they might have been.
13	MS. COLON: Or they might have been.
14	THE COURT: So it is not necessarily the
15	case that in order to ensure that the payments
16	were made that United actually had to make the
17	payments?
18	MS. COLON: Well, ultimately, yes, because
19	if it couldn't be made by anybody else, and I'm
20	not limiting this to the Hameds, if no one else
21	could pay, and that was the amount, because all
22	of the assets are restrained by the restraining
23	order. So how else was this going to get paid?
24	And what evidence do we have that that, in
25	fact, was what was contemplated by everybody?

- 1 They paid it. They paid \$10 million.
- Now, since then, they have a fall out.

3 They want to renege on the agreement, that's on

4 United. And I agree, that's up to the civil

5 court to deal with, but in terms of change this

6 plea agreement to alter what section eleven

7 says, or to put new terms as to what will

8 satisfy section eleven by the second addendum,

9 my client hasn't signed that, and he's required

10 to sign that. I don't know how anybody gets

11 passed that, because it directly affects his

catchall as well, not just the government's

catchall.

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With regard to the documents issue, I'm a little concerned with the way Attorney DiRuzzo addressed the Court on that. It sounded to me very much like his anticipation is United will control the documents, and give it out in discovery in the civil case as it sees fit.

That's why we really do need judicial monitoring and judicial involvement in this.

Because my client has equal access to those documents and should have equal access to those documents, at any time. Not through some sort of -- my client isn't even a party to the civil

Τ	case.
2	If Waheed Hamed wants those documents, he
3	wants to be assured that he can walk into the
4	depository and ask to see the documents. I'm
5	not hearing that from Attorney DiRuzzo, and
6	that concerns me greatly, which is another
7	indication as to why we do need court
8	involvement in assisting us. And, of course,
9	Judge Barnard said he will assist us in setting
10	up that protocol.
11	THE COURT: So there will be an
12	opportunity to discuss the issue regarding the
13	documents, and what is a fair and appropriate
14	way to deal with the documents, correct?
15	MS. COLON: Exactly.
16	THE COURT: So that is not an issue.
17	Let's take off the table the issues that do not
18	bear on sentencing. That issue does not bear
19	on sentencing. Would you agree with that?
20	MS. COLON: I do agree. The only reason I
21	raise it, I did not want to leave the record
22	unaddressed that I agree with how Mr. DiRuzzo
23	expects these documents will be disseminated.
24	I don't agree at all.

THE COURT: The Court is under the

1	assumption, I think a good assumption, that
2	this issue will be thoroughly aired with
3	Magistrate Judge Barnard, and that the parties
4	will have the opportunity to state their
5	expected positions, and hopefully come to an
6	agreement with respect to how the documents
7	should be handled. But that issue does not
8	bear on what we're doing.
9	MS. COLON: The only other concern I have
10	United has a habit of promising to pay for
11	things, and then when it turns out it's not
12	going to go the way they thought it was going
13	to go, they renege, and we have demonstration
14	of that.
15	THE COURT: Once again, I'm sure
16	Magistrate Judge Barnard will be happy to hear
17	all of the issues regarding the documents, and
18	you'll have opportunity to address that, but
19	for purposes of sentence, that is not an issue
20	that the Court need to worry about; isn't that
21	correct?
22	MS. COLON: That's correct.
23	THE COURT: With respect to the orders

and I just want to make sure that we take the

things that need to be taken off of the table

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With respect to the orders that I think both you and Attorney Andreozzi has indicated Judge Barnard may be issuing in the context of wrapping this matter up, again, that's not an issue that bears on the sentencing; I need not worry about that.

MS. COLON: The only concern I have -- and actually, let me say this, it does go to, that's why I talked about the promise to pay. If there is an order that does require United to pay for something, if the TRO is not kept in place, or at least partially kept in place, United may very well refuse to pay, and then there would be no access for the Court to say, yes, this needs to be paid pursuant to the Court order, and the TRO has sufficient funds in place to make sure it actually happens.

So to the extent that there is payment involved in any of those orders, I do think it does impact sentencing, to that extent. And that's one of the reasons we asked that the TRO be maintained in place as a term of -- excuse me -- as a condition of the term of probation.

The orders themselves, I don't think,

1	procedurally, will interfere with sentencing,
2	but to the extent that any order requires the
3	payment of anything by United, I anticipate it
4	will, you know, certainly I don't know for
5	sure, but there is certainly the possibility
6	there will be no teeth to the order if the TRO
7	does not remain in place, at least to the
8	extent that those orders can be satisfied.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MS. COLON: With regard to the monitor
11	appointment, I agree wholeheartedly. And I did

MS. COLON: With regard to the monitor appointment, I agree wholeheartedly. And I did say that initially, that Judge Brady did acknowledge that this case exists, and he, for example, cannot do anything about the TRO that this Court has in place. There is absolutely nothing he could do about that. And he was quite clear on that. But he's also very clear in his orders that United cannot act unilaterally with regard to anything regarding the management, operation, and funds, or checks of the Plaza Extra stores.

And I still feel that it would be violation of Judge Brady's court order if United is allowed to participate without joint representation from Mohammad Hamed in the

1	decisions that are necessary for this court to
2	proceed with sentencing, and proceed with
3	whatever's going to happen in probation.
4	THE COURT: Did you ever answer my
5	question as to why that's different from my
6	hypothetical, about basically everything that
7	happens with respect to this, the partnership,
8	that is that has been pursuant to the order
9	that has been entered by the Superior Court,
10	how that becomes merged into this particular
11	proceeding, in which United Corporation is a
12	corporation, was the defendant, and is against
13	whom the sentence is to be imposed?
14	MS. COLON: I'm not exactly clear on your
15	question, but if I, from what I understand what
16	you're asking me, does it make a difference if
17	there is a partnership as opposed to a
18	corporation?
19	THE COURT: Yeah. In other words, this
20	indictment was against the corporation.
21	Correct?
22	MS. COLON: That's true. But that's what
23	the government brought.
24	THE COURT: Correct. And so, how do you
25	distinguish between those things that are going

Τ	to flow into this particular matter for
2	purposes of concluding this matter with a
3	sentence, for example, these issues regarding
4	partnership, where do you draw the line between
5	what becomes integrated into this proceeding,
6	and what does not?
7	MS. COLON: I think by Judge Brady's
8	order, anything that has to do with the Plaza
9	Extra stores, which, in essence, is this case,
10	has to be, has to involve a partnership.
11	THE COURT: So anything that is resolved
12	in the context of the Superior Court proceeding
13	with respect to this partnership would then
14	become integrated into this proceeding against
15	the defendant corporation, is that your
16	position?
17	MS. COLON: I think it has to be. I don't
18	see how it can be separated, because the
19	Superior Court is not treating United
20	Corporation as solely a corporation. It's
21	treating it as a corporation that it has a
22	partnership within it, and has always operated
23	as a partnership, has always extended itself to
24	the public as a partnership to its vendors, and
25	has always presented itself as a partnership.

Τ	Now, it's true, they weren't, the
2	partnership was not indicted, and one of the
3	partners was not indicted, but even the
4	government knew that Fathi Yusuf in deposition
5	testimony had, previous to the indictment, had
6	asserted that this was a partnership. So the
7	government was aware of that, they have that.
8	They have that deposition testimony, that sworn
9	testimony, even before the indictment. They
10	chose to do what they chose to do. But if it's
11	truly a partnership, and I don't have a
12	position on that, because I'm not involved in
13	that litigation, my position is that's what
14	Judge Brady has found. And, therefore, it has
15	to be honored as a partnership no matter what,
16	at least until there is a change in Judge
17	Brady's ruling or the Supreme Court changes the
18	TRO. But as it stands now, this is a
19	partnership and it affects more than just
20	United Corporation and its shareholders.
21	THE COURT: Does that affect the tax
22	issues?
23	MS. COLON: I'm not a tax lawyer, Your
24	Honor. I imagine it does, Your Honor, though.
25	THE COURT: So does that mean that

1	whatever this plea agreement dealt with with
2	respect to corporate taxes and so forth, would
3	be negated by Judge Brady's ruling?
4	MS. COLON: I don't think so. Because it
5	went to United Corporation and all of the
6	individuals. And that's what it looked to.
7	And as government has said, their goal was to,
8	in addition to the individual tax returns,
9	which, of course, was always in my opinion an
10	integral part of the plea agreement, the
11	government's overriding goal or overreaching
12	goal was to make sure that the income that was
13	the profits of the Plaza Extra stores was
14	accounted for and taxes were paid on that, and
15	that happened. And they acknowledged that that
16	happened.
17	THE COURT: And that would have been the
18	same whether it was treated as a partnership or
19	a corporation, is that what you're saying?
20	MS. COLON: The returns might have been
21	different. I imagine they would have been
22	different, but payment on those profits,
23	payment of taxes on that income that represents
24	the profits was paid.

I would just conclude, Your Honor, unless

Τ	there is any other question you have of me, any
2	change to this plea agreement requires my
3	client's signature, and there are major changes
4	in terms of extent of probation, the timing of
5	probation, the timing of the monitoring, and
6	with regard to the addendum two that they are
7	trying to present, that changes or asserts that
8	section eleven is affected, that he has not
9	signed, and therefore, they are not valid. And
10	that, in my opinion, prevents this from going
11	forward from sentencing, at this time, unless
12	resolution to those issues can be made. And we
13	are prepared to deal with them, but, of course,
14	we need assurance that the \$315,000 will be
15	paid by United, and that Mohammad Hamed will
16	have equal say in the choice of the monitor,
17	and in the corporate compliance program, so
18	that he can maintain his rights as defined by
19	Judge Brady's order to jointly manage the Plaza
20	Extra stores.
21	Thank you for hearing us today. Really
22	appreciate it.

THE COURT: Thank you, Attorney Colon.

Attorney Hendrickson, let me ask you one thing
about this Judge Brady order. And I know you

1	indicated you pointed the Court to the one
2	place in the order where it basically says
3	that
4	MS. HENDRICKSON: Paragraph thirty seven,
5	on page eight.
6	THE COURT: Yes. This court, meaning, the
7	Superior Court, cannot enforce a restraining
8	order or otherwise control any aspect of the
9	criminal action or its disposition. And is
10	that your complete answer with respect to the
11	question posed by, or the issue raised by
12	Attorney Colon regarding this partnership and
13	the issue regarding who has a say in the
14	operation? I mean, certainly, Attorney Colon
15	pointed out the order section which certainly
16	is broad, jointly managing each store without
17	unilateral action by either party or
18	representatives affecting the management,
19	employees, methods, procedures and operations.
20	It's relatively broad language.
21	MS. HENDRICKSON: It's very broad.
22	THE COURT: And, and is your position
23	basically Judge Brady has essentially said, you
24	know, I can't enforce the restraining order, or
25	otherwise control anything dealing with this

Τ	proceeding in the District Court? Is that the
2	complete reason as to why this Court should
3	basically not be concerned about the order
4	entered by the Superior Court?
5	MS. HENDRICKSON: I think that's one
6	reason. But I think there is a few.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. HENDRICKSON: One, in February of
9	2010, there is no issue about who owned United.
10	Now, there may have been some lawsuits and some
11	other things about who owned it and whether it
12	was a partnership.
13	Now, the government's position in the
14	criminal case was that the Hameds clearly had
15	an interest in United because United was paying
16	a lot of their personal expenses, and that was
17	what led to some of the individual income tax
18	charges. So they had to have some kind of
19	relationship more than an employee, because
20	United would not have been paying hundreds of
21	thousands of dollars for them to build their
22	house and do other things. So they were
23	clearly in a separate category.
24	Now, in the government's opinion, it
25	didn't matter for purposes of the criminal case

1	whether Mohammad Hamed had partnership with
2	Fahti Yusuf or Waheed or Waleed Hamed.
3	Government's focus was on United Corporation,
4	unreported income of United Corporation and
5	unreported income of individual defendants.
6	That was our focus when the case was indicted.
7	In February of 2010, the issue again was
8	let's make sure all the income gets reported
9	and taxes get paid. Regardless of, I mean,
10	there wasn't an issue about whether there was a
11	partnership or corporation that had ever come
12	up in the criminal case.
13	Then in February of 2011, we have
14	additional mediation and we negotiate. Civil
15	litigation wasn't anticipated. The issue about
16	whether it was a partnership or a corporation
17	was not an issue, as far as the criminal case
18	went.
19	Then, of course, once the civil lawsuit
20	was filed, it became an issue. But the
0.1	governmentle position regarding here this Count

government's position regarding how this Court
should interpret Judge Brady's order is that
from July 15, 2013, when he entered this order,
going forward, then, his order applies to how
Plaza Extra stores are run and whether checks

1	can be written.	All of that,	these broad
2	categories.		

But this Court can't go back and reinvent history to say, well, what if it was a partnership when nobody contemplated that when the plea agreement was entered, or when the first addendum was signed. It didn't matter. We wanted income to be reported, and we wanted taxes to be paid.

And I think because the language of his order is so broad, that this Court needs to say, hey, there is a temporary restraining order in place, and it addresses a lot of those same issues that Judge Brady addresses.

So I think the only logical place to cut it off, just as you were asking Miss Colon, where do you stop when you're saying how you have to worry about the partnership? Well, I think, you can't stop anywhere. You would have to say now the temporary restraining order, does that require us in our federal criminal case to make sure that every single check and every single expense is paid for by the two of them? I think that is not what the criminal case should be. And I think you can't do just

Τ	some of it. You either have to go completely,
2	or you say it's not relevant. And for purposes
3	of the criminal case, it should not be
4	relevant. Because the plea agreement was made,
5	the addendum was made, the whole point was
6	people reported income and paid taxes,
7	regardless of what type of organizational
8	structure there was.
9	THE COURT: And the fact that part of the
10	plea agreement pertains to programs,
11	specifically monitoring and the ethics
12	compliance program, that's forward looking?
13	MS. HENDRICKSON: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Does that affect the answer?
15	MS. HENDRICKSON: Well, again, at the time
16	when the agreement was initially written, we
17	anticipated that we would have to, the
18	government would be fighting tooth and nail to
19	get every dime out of United, so we're trying
20	to give ourself every option to come to the
21	court to compel payment. And luckily, that
22	didn't happen. Through the mediation, we
23	resolved some of it. We resolved the rest of
24	it now.

So, I think, the purpose, the main purpose

L	of the monitor, although the language clearly
2	is much broader, but the main purpose was to
}	make sure the government and the VIBIR got the
1	money it was entitled to.

So to the extent the monitoring agreement, the terms of it since it is applying to going forward, if the Court wanted to just say, for purposes of the monitoring agreement, and because of Judge Brady's order, I'll have the parties submit the monitoring agreement and counsel for Hameds can count on it and on the procedures, I mean, government would not object to that. And the same thing with the compliance program. But I think that's all the Court should do, because that's the only thing in the criminal case that impacts United today in 2013.

MR. DiRUZZO: Judge, I think Judge Brady's order is pretty clear. This court, being the Superior Court, cannot be enforced a restraining order or otherwise control any aspect of the criminal action or its disposition. And he's about as broad as you can get. And we all know what rapport means.

So it's our position that Judge Brady has

Τ	effectively acquiesced, as he should, to this
2	Court's jurisdiction, the ongoing federal case.
3	And what does that mean? That means that this
4	Court has the jurisdiction, the power, and the
5	authority to go forward with sentencing today,
6	and not worry about the ongoing civil
7	litigation that's currently up on appeal before
8	the V.I. Supreme Court and is awaiting
9	disposition for the preliminary injunction, not
10	a permanent injunction, not a trial of the
11	merits by the ultimate finder of fact, but a
12	preliminary injunction under Rule 65. As the
13	Court is well aware, a very different standard
14	than the absolute conclusion that Mohammad
15	Hamed is, in fact, or is not a partner.
16	I just bring to the Court's attention
17	procedurally, when Miss Colon says Mohammad
18	Hamed is a partner, at best, Mohammad Hamed can
19	say that Judge Brady believes he's shown
20	probably a success, not a certainty of success.
21	As for Mr. Andreozzi's position that
22	United can't pay for some, and not for all, I
23	think, Your Honor, I think I can say it this
24	way: Just because someone can, doesn't mean
25	someone should, or someone has to. Often when

1	children get in trouble, their parent can pay
2	for their mistake. Whether they have to, or
3	whether they should is entirely a different
4	story.

So here, we have the Hamed brothers saying that they want their \$315,000 paid. Could United Corporation do that by giving them a bonus? Sure. Does it have to? No. Is it obligated to under the plea agreement? No. And if it were obligated under the plea agreement, the language should have been in there in the event that an individual defendant does not pay, then the United Corporation would be liable for the outstanding tax liability. If that's what it agreed to, everybody was more than free to craft the plea agreement. But the Court should not feed into this language.

Another point, Your Honor, I think this would illustrate it. If Mr. -- if the Hamed brothers quit their position with Plaza Extra, which, as employees they can do, they don't have obligation, they're not forced to work there, and if they moved to the states, and if they won power ball and owed \$100 million of it, \$165 million power bowl, and they don't

1	want to pay the taxes, would United Corporation
2	have to backstop their taxes? I think we all
3	can agree, of course not.

Those individual defendants have a personal obligation to pay their personal taxes under the law. United Corporation wants to because it desires to, because it wants to give a bonus, it can, but it is not obligated to.

And this Court should not impose and read into the plea agreement those provisions which are not there.

Finally, to the point that the plea agreement requires that the individual defendants pay before they contemplate -- before probation is completed, that's fine. But what does that allow? It allows the government in its prosecutorial discretion to determine whether there has been -- whether any individual defendants have not paid their taxes. And then the government determines that somehow United is somehow responsible or culpable, it can then move to revoke probation, or enforce the probation as it sees fit. But it is not for this Court to stand here or sit here today and anticipate in the future what

1	charges or whether the government should or in
2	the first instance even bring violation
3	probation or revocation of probation, based
4	upon that event. May or may not come to pass.
5	So as you're sitting here today, Your
6	Honor, you're more than able, and I believe the
7	plea agreement and based on arguments of
8	counsel and government, you're able under
9	11(c)(1)(C) to proceed with sentencing, and
10	allow this case to go to probation, and resolve
11	this nearly decade old criminal case.
12	MR. DEWOOD: Your Honor, if I may, a few
13	moments, a few comments for Mr. Fathi Yusuf.
14	Your Honor, Judge, we're here now, I think
15	after ten years, for sentencing of United. Yet
16	we received a motion with all kind of
17	allegations twenty-four hours before
18	sentencing. And I think that really speaks for
19	itself. We have allegations now that there is
20	a partnership. And I think we've heard a lot
21	of comments about being officers of the court.
22	Where were they, Judge, when there were
23	inquiries about the status of United
24	Corporation, was it a partnership, or a
25	corporation?

Take a look at the presentence report. It speaks for itself as to what the status, what the facts are. They've never said this was a partnership. They've never even brought up Mohammad Hamed. They've never said, oh, by the way, we have this guy, Mohammad Hamed, he's a partner, really owns fifty percent of this thing. When it served them, they said nothing.

Now, Attorney Colon can come up here and say, Judge, look, we have an order from Judge Brady, not that they have represented or remained silent as to the status of the corporation. Why would the shareholders pay their taxes, Judge? Why would it be for nine years, ten years, whatever these proceedings have taken, why is it that there was never an allegation of a partnership existing? When did actually that happen?

Well, let's talk about, again, being officers of the court. There are lawsuits right now pending, Judge, by United, against Waleed Hamed and Waheed Hamed for theft embezzlement conversion. Did these things come up today? Nope. Let's not talk about these things.

L	Now, all of a sudden we have a lawsuit
2	filed when? September 18, 2012, alleging for
3	the first time ever that there is a
1	partnership.

Judge, we actually addressed many of these issues in our motion to dismiss, which might say, Your Honor, has not been decided by Judge Brady yet. I don't know why. Is it because we've raised the issue of equity bars? There is a lot of case law, Judge, which I would love to send you tomorrow, that states when you make allegations before the Court, when you make statements of fact before the Court as to the status of a business entity, you are barred from coming back and changing, even if that entity is, in fact, a partnership.

Ten years later, Your Honor, we have the Yusuf families here waiting, they've been waiting to resolve this case. Twenty-four hours ago we have a motion, stop everything.

Unless they pay \$320,000 in the Wally and Waheed tax liability, we're going to disagree, we're going to object to everything. We're going to throw everything, you know, and the kitchen sink, basically.

Τ	Let's start first with the first
2	allegation that we have heard. They've said
3	that the U.S. Marshal has approved the release
4	of the funds under the temporary restraining
5	order in place in this matter as per Exhibit 2.
6	They attach Exhibit 2. What is Exhibit 2? It
7	is nothing more than an e-mail between
8	Andreozzi and the U.S. Marshal without a copy
9	of the letter that he attached with his e-mail
10	advising the U.S. Marshal as to why these
11	proceeds should be released.
12	Judge, remember, Attorney Andreozzi,
13	Attorney Colon, Attorney Gordon Rhea were all
14	part of a joint defense team. I wasn't a part
15	of it. Attorney DiRuzzo wasn't. He came in
16	October 2012. I came in October of 2012.
17	After what, after basically, the lead defense
18	attorneys decided that they can no longer
19	represent Mr. Yusuf.
20	This case isn't a simple matter, Judge, as
21	they're trying to make it out. Now we have an
22	order from Judge Brady, look, Judge, a
23	partnership. Mohammad Hamed isn't even here.
24	Hasn't said anything. By the way, you really
25	need to follow Judge Brady's order. It is

1	nothing more than an order for preliminary
2	injunction. That's it. It says that there is
3	a likelihood of finding. Not that it's
4	conclusive fact establishing this once and for
5	all.

Haven't considered the facts equitable, statute of limitation, whether or not the retirement of Mr. Hamed in 1996 dissolved the partnership. Perhaps that's why the government never knew about Mr. Mohammad Hamed.

Basically, what do we have? A modified corporation, paying its taxes, paying its franchise tax, a bona fide entity, nobody moved to pierce its corporate veil. And before you for sentencing, the only issue really before you today, Judge, is whether or not the plea agreement states that United shall pay the \$320,000 in taxes. That's why we're here. All the other issues are superfluous.

And I will submit, Judge, that the plea agreement supports what Attorney Hendrickson stated, and what Attorney DiRuzzo stated it said, especially the middle paragraph, Judge. You can see that the language specifically specifies and details the United shareholders,

1	the individual defendants. For example, the
2	middle paragraph, it says
3	THE COURT: What page are you on?
4	MR. DEWOOD: Page eleven, Your Honor, of
5	the plea agreement.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. DEWOOD: It says, mid paragraph, Your
8	Honor, "In addition, prior to the sentencing
9	hearing in this matter, United's
10	shareholders and it defines each one of them
11	by initials and the individual defendants
12	shall file the outstanding returns and
13	reporting documents and shall make full
14	payments." Then it proceeds to address United
15	only. It doesn't address the other parties.
16	It could have said easily, the parties shall,
17	but it didn't. It said, "United acknowledges."
18	Why would it only refer to United? And why
19	would it say that special conditions of
20	probation will require that all corporate
21	returns be filed and all amounts due? Why
22	would that part be, be right next to, or at
23	least that part of the sentence, in proximity
24	to United?

And if there was a contemplation that

1	Waheed and Waleed Hamed or the other
2	shareholders, whatever the case may be, they
3	would have also been actually, that
4	paragraph wouldn't have been required. It
5	should have just simply stated, based on the
6	previous paragraph, the previous sentence, that
7	in addition, prior to the sentencing hearing,
8	all these individuals shall pay taxes and this
9	shall be subject to the full payment by all
10	parties of taxes. That's not what this says.
11	I think it is very clear, Judge, that
12	Wally and Willie Hamed could go to the father
13	now, and ask for him to pay his taxes, since
14	now they're saying he is a partner, or whatever
15	interest he may have in United.
16	But I would submit to you, this is clear.
17	I would ask that the Court proceed to
18	sentencing today, and put basically this matter
19	to an end. I think Mr. Yusuf and his family
20	have waited way, way too long for this day.
21	And to file a motion less than 24 hours,
22	alleging such amazing and incredible things,
23	and partnership, and why Mohammad Hamed is a
24	partnership is not here, is outrageous.
25	Thank you, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Thank, counsel.

As all of the counsel, I believe, would agree, and some have acknowledged, this matter has been going on for quite a long time. The plea agreement, the original plea agreement was entered back in 2010, and that is after several years have elapsed, during, in fact, which this matter was pending. And then for the next three years, a little over three years, the parties have been engaging in mediations, in discussions, for purposes of resolving specifics that relate to the plea agreement.

The Court agrees that that matter has gone on for a very long time. And the Court also agrees that it is time to try and bring this matter to a conclusion. At least with respect to sentencing. Indeed, it is for that reason that when the parties — and the parties I would be referring to would be the government and United — filed their joint motion earlier this month and asked for a sentencing date of the sixteenth, that the Court made every effort to accommodate that date.

The Court too was concerned that documents came in 24 hours or so before the scheduled

1	sentencing that raised a number of issues
2	concerning the proprietary of going forward
3	with the sentencing today. And it obviously
4	resulted in a sort of mad scramble at the end,
5	because then the government filed, the
6	government and United filed their response this
7	afternoon.

But having said that, I think it
nonetheless is important for the Court to make
sure that as it reviews and decides whether or
not this plea agreement should be adopted by
the Court, that all of the conditions precedent
to preceding with the sentencing have, in fact,
been complied with.

I think the significant issue here is that the Court has been presented with a plea agreement pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C). And that is different from a situation where the Court would be faced with a sentencing in which the Court has discretion to listen to arguments and then make adjustments or changes in what the Court's thinking might be based on the arguments that are advanced. The Court views an 11(c)(1)(C) plea as one where if the Court is going to

accept it, the Court is then bound by the terms and the provisions that are put into the agreement by the parties who have signed onto that agreement. And that's where the Court's concerns are today.

A number of issues have been raised, some of which does not give the Court concern at all about going forward with sentencing, because the Court does not believe that those issues bear on the sentencing. And I think the parties have essentially agreed to that as well. Namely, the issue regarding generally the documents that will be addressed with Judge Barnard. And I would anticipate that whatever orders are entered by Judge Barnard are the orders that the Court believes are orders that are, indeed, enforceable. So the Court is not concerned about that for purposes of today's anticipating or scheduled sentencing.

The Court is, however, concerned about a couple of matters. Let me back up for a minute. The other issue that the Court is not convinced of is that the order entered by Judge Brady requires this Court to either amend what it would otherwise be going forward with with

Τ	regard to the sentencing of the corporation, or
2	otherwise enter orders that requires, as the
3	Waleed and Waheed counsel have argued, some
4	sort of compliance with the partnership
5	requirements set forth in Judge Brady's order.
6	I believe that counsel for both counsel for
7	the government and counsel for United have
8	pointed to a specific reference in the order
9	where Judge Brady recognizes that this is,
10	indeed, a separate matter, over which that
11	court does not have control. And for the
12	reasons that have been articulated during the
13	course of the presentations today, the status
14	of the corporation at the time of the
15	indictment, the fact that it is the sentencing
16	of the corporation that we're dealing with,
17	which was the entity that pled guilty, the
18	Court is not convinced that it would have to do
19	anything differently in light of Judge Brady's
20	order.
21	But the Court is concerned about a couple
22	of things. And this, again, stems from the
23	fact that this is an 11(c)(1)(C) plea that the
24	Court looks at for purposes of assessing
25	whether the Court will accept or adopt that

plea agreement and sentence in accordance with the terms the Court is looking for to make sure that what is in that plea agreement has, in fact, been complied with to the extent that certain things might be, might be required prior to sentencing. And there are a couple of those things that give the Court concern.

The first is this issue about the payment of all the taxes due and owing. The Court is not concerned about who is paying the taxes.

Because the Court does not believe, based on its reading of the plea agreement, and based on the presentations that have been made here, the Court is not convinced that there is anything in this plea agreement that specifically says that United is the party that has to pay the parties' taxes; that's an issue to be resolved elsewhere. That is not in this Court's view, for this Court to resolve.

So the issue, from the Court's perspective, is not who is paying the taxes. But the Court does have an issue, given the language of the plea agreement on page eleven, which the Court reads as requiring that "prior to the sentencing hearing in this matter, the

shareholders and the individual defendants
shall file the outstanding returns and
reporting documents, and shall make full
payments of the amounts due thereupon."

The Court is concerned that the second amendment to the plea agreement, the second addendum to the plea agreement purports to state that, in fact, and based on the arguments of counsel as well, that, in fact, this particular provision has been satisfied. That the additional \$6.5 million satisfies the full payment of amounts due by the individual defendants.

At the same time, however, it appears that the government is also asserting that, well, that's what we have agreed to accept as the government, although there is another sum of money that has been represented to be in the vicinity of \$315,000 that still appears to be due and owing, at least, as of this point, but which the government is no longer worried about.

The Court is concerned that it has been presented with a plea agreement. The original plea agreement that called for all taxes that

are due and owing to be paid. The individual defendants shall file the outstanding returns and reporting documents, and shall make full payments of the amounts due thereupon. And that is prior to the sentencing hearing.

This is an issue that the Court believes needs to be resolved. And the Court, as I mentioned before, is not concerned about who is paying this, but it seems to the Court that what has happened is that there has been a change between the original agreement and the second addendum where the government is now saying we have agreed to accept less than what is really the full payment, because there is still monies out there due, we're not going to worry about it, but the V.I. government can still go after that individual for those sums that are due.

Because this is an 11(c)(1)(C) plea agreement that the parties are asking this Court to adopt, the Court is looking to the language of the agreements to ensure that what is stated in the agreement have, in fact, been fulfilled. At least those that are required to be fulfilled prior to the time of the sentencing hearing. And the payment issue is one that the Court believes is not consistent with the terms of the initial agreement. And to the extent that there has been a change by virtue of the second addendum, then the Court looks to section thirteen of the original plea agreement that says, "no modification of the plea agreement shall be effective unless in writing, signed by the government, United, the individual defendants, and United shareholders."

So to the extent that there has been a change what was originally contemplated with the taxes being paid in full prior to the sentencing hearing, then it seems to the Court that under the plain language of the plea agreement, then, that modification which obviously impacts the Waleed and Waheed individual defendants should have been executed consistent with the modification section of the original agreement.

The Court feels similarly about the issue regarding the monitor. Under the terms of the agreement that the parties have proffered to this Court for its adoption, it says the

selection of a certified public accounting firm

as the independent third party will be

expressly approved by the government prior to

the beginning of the term of probation.

When this Court sentences the defendant and proceeds to enter the J&C, that is the point at which the Court anticipates the probation period to start. And the Court generally attempts to enter the J&C promptly after the sentencing hearing. The government and United have indicated that they believe that the monitor can be in place in two weeks. And so they've come up with the suggestion that they extend the probationary period to be a year, which I think is really what is contemplated under this agreement, that the monitor would be in place during the year of the probation based on the language that I've just read.

Well, if this were not an 11(c)(1)(C) plea, things might be different, because I could listen to the arguments of counsel, and then say, well, that makes sense to me. Well, I don't impose that sentence. But that's not the case. It's an 11(c)(1)(C) plea that the

parties are asking the Court to adopt. And the terms of provisions would be binding on the Court if the Court so adopts the agreement.

So, again, if we're going to modify the one-year probationary period that is specifically identified in the plea agreement, the Court views that as a modification, and there is a modification provision, it needs to be in writing, and it needs to be signed by all of the parties. Not only agreed to by United and the government, but, indeed, under the modification provision agreed to by the government, United, the individual defendants, and United shareholders.

Those are the issues that give the Court pause. I will again reiterate that the Court is as anxious, as are the parties, maybe more anxious, to get this matter resolved, because it has been on the docket for a very, very long time. But the Court believes that in light of the nature of this sentencing, the request for an 11(c)(1)(C) agreement, or the entrance of an 11(c)(1)(C) plea agreement, which the Court would be bound by its terms, that the Court's hands, in effect, are tied to the specific

1 terms of the agreement. 2 Having said that, the sentencing will not 3 take place today. The Court can do one of two things: 4 The Court can set another sentencing 5 hearing, or the Court can wait to hear from the 6 parties as to when they have completed the 7 issues that are precedent to proceeding with 8 the sentencing of the defendant in this matter. 9 And attorney --10 MS. HENDRICKSON: May we have a moment, 11 Your Honor? 12 THE COURT: Yes. 13 MS. HENDRICKSON: Your Honor, we'd like to 14 go with the Court's second suggestion. To wait 15 to hear from the parties. 16 THE COURT: Okay. The Court will, then, wait to hear from the parties. Of course, the 17 18 Court's hope is that that will be soon that the 19 Court will hear from the parties. The Court 20 encourages the parties to get together and 21 discuss what is the best resolution so that 22 this matter can come to a conclusion. 23 Is there anything further from the 24 parties, at this time?

MS. HENDRICKSON: No, Your Honor.

25

1	MR. DiRUZZO: No, Your Honor.
2	MS. COLON: No.
3	THE COURT: Attorney Colon?
4	MS. COLON: No. Thank you.
5	THE COURT: On the telephone, anything
6	further?
7	MR. ANDREOZZI: No, Your Honor. Thank you
8	for allowing me to participate by phone.
9	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you all. The one
10	thing I will say is when the parties have
11	indicated that they're ready to proceed with
12	sentencing, the Court will do its best to try
13	and schedule it as promptly as the Court's
14	calendar permits. But I will ask the parties
15	to, one, make sure you're ready, and two, if
16	there are issues that need to be resolved, try
17	to resolve them, or bring them to the Court's
18	attention in advance of the date of sentencing.
19	Not the day before, or the day of. You have
20	lived with this case much longer than than I
21	have, and so you know what the issues are. You
22	know where the potential problems are. So, I
23	would ask that the parties try to identify
24	those issues, if there are issues that the
25	Court need to deal, and so that we can have

1	them resolved prior to the sentencing and not
2	have a repetition of today. Okay.
3	Thank you all very much for your
4	presentations.
5	(Thereupon, court adjourned at
6	7:40 p.m.)
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## CERTIFICATE

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2	C-E-R-T-I-F-I-C-A-T-E
3	
4	I, Valerie Lawrence, certify that the foregoing is a
5	correct transcript from the record of proceedings in
6	the above-entitled matter this 27th day of August,
7	2013.
8	
9	Valerie Lawrence
10	
11	Valerie Lawrence DN: cn=Valerie Lawrence, o=St.
12	Croix Division, ou=U.S. District Court,
13	email=valerie_lawrence@vid.uscourt s.gov, c=US Date: 2013.08.28 11:21:02 -04'00'
14	Lave Collection Date: 2013.08.28 11:21:02 -04'00'
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